

# **Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> 4.2 Stereo Audio Module**

### Features

- Qualified for Bluetooth v4.2 specifications
- Worldwide regulatory certifications are planned
- Supports HFP 1.6, HSP 1.2, A2DP 1.3, SPP 1.2, AVRCP 1.6
- Supports Bluetooth (BR/EDR/BLE) specifications (FW dependent)
- Stand-alone module with on-board PCB antenna and Bluetooth stack
- Supports high resolution up to 24-bit, 96 kHz audio data format
- Supports to connect two hosts with HFP/A2DP profiles simultaneously
- Transparent UART mode for seamless serial data over UART interface
- Supports virtual UART cable transport between host MCU and smartphone applications by Bluetooth SPP or BLE link
- Easy to configure with Windows<sup>®</sup> GUI or directly by external MCU
- · Supports firmware field upgrade
- Supports 1 microphone
- · Compact surface mount module:
  - BM62: 29 x 15 x 2.5 mm
  - BM64: 32 x 15 x 2.5 mm
- Castellated surface mount pads for easy and reliable host PCB mounting
- · RoHS compliant
- · Ideal for portable battery operated devices
- Internal battery regulator circuitry

# **RF/Analog**

- Frequency spectrum: 2.402 GHz to 2.480 GHz
- Receive sensitivity: -90 dBm (2 Mbps EDR)
- Class 2 output power (+2 dBm typical) for BM62, BM64 and Class 1 output power (+15 dBm typical) for BM64

# **DSP Audio Processing**

- Supports 64 kbps A-Law, μ-Law PCM format/ Continuous Variable Slope Delta (CVSD) Modulation for SCO channel operation
- Supports 8/16 kHz noise suppression
- Supports 8/16 kHz echo cancellation
- · SBC and optional AAC decoding

- · Packet loss concealment (PLC)
- Supports Serial Copy Management System (SCMS-T) content protection

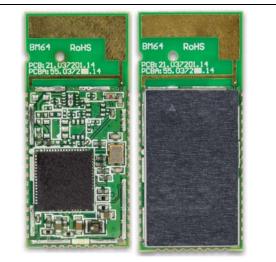
#### FIGURE 1:



**BM62 MODULE** 

FIGURE 2:

**BM64 MODULE** 



# Audio Codec

- · SBC and optional AAC decoding
- 20-bit digital-to-analog (DAC) with 96 dB SNR
- 16-bit analog-to-digital (ADC) with 90 dB SNR
- Up to 24-bit, 96 kHz I<sup>2</sup>S digital audio

## Peripherals

- Built-in lithium-ion and lithium-polymer battery charger (up to 350 mA)
- Integrated 1.8V and 3V configurable switching regulator and low-dropout (LDO)
- Built-in ADC for battery monitoring and voltage sense
- · Built-in ADC for charger thermal protection
- Built-in undervoltage protection (UVP)
- · An AUX-In port for external audio input
- Two LED drivers
- · Multiple I/O pins for control and status

### **HCI Interface**

• High-speed HCI-UART interface (supports up to 921,600 bps)

### **MAC/Baseband Processor**

- Supports Bluetooth 4.2 dual mode (FW dependent)
  - BR/EDR transport for audio, voice, and SPP data exchange
  - BLE transport for proprietary transparent service and ANCS data exchange

### **Operating Condition**

- Operating voltage: 3.2V to 4.2V
- Operating temperature: -20°C to +70°C

# Compliance

- Bluetooth SIG QDID: 83345 (BM62, BM64 Class 2) and 83336 (BM64 Class 1)
- Certifications planned for the United States (FCC), Canada (IC), European Economic Area (CE), Korea (KCC), Taiwan (NCC), Japan (JRF), and China (SRRC)

# Applications

- · Soundbar and Subwoofer
- Bluetooth speaker
- Multi-speaker

# Description

The BM62/64 Stereo Audio module is a fully qualified Bluetooth 4.2 dual-mode module for designers to add wireless audio and voice applications to their products. The BM62/64 module is a Bluetooth Special Interest Group (SIG) certified module that provides a complete wireless solution with Bluetooth stack, integrated PCB antenna, and worldwide radio certifications in a compact surface-mount package.

The BM62/64 module has several SKUs. The BM62 is a Class 2 device and the BM64 is available in both Class 1 and Class 2 versions.

# **Table of Content**

1.0 Device Overview	5
2.0 Audio	
3.0 Transceiver	19
4.0 Power Management Unit	. 21
5.0 Application Information	
5.0 Printed Antenna Information	. 39
7.0 Physical Dimensions	. 43
3.0 Electrical Characteristics	47
9.0 Soldering Recommendations	. 55
10.0 Ordering Information	. 57
Appendix A: Certification Notices	. 59
Appendix B: Revision History	. 65

# TO OUR VALUED CUSTOMERS

It is our intention to provide our valued customers with the best documentation possible to ensure successful use of your Microchip products. To this end, we will continue to improve our publications to better suit your needs. Our publications will be refined and enhanced as new volumes and updates are introduced.

If you have any questions or comments regarding this publication, please contact the Marketing Communications Department via E-mail at **docerrorsmicrochip.com** or fax the **Reader Response Form** in the back of this data sheet to (480) 792-4150. We welcome your feedback.

### **Most Current Data Sheet**

To obtain the most up-to-date version of this data sheet, please register at our Worldwide Web site at:

#### http://www.microchip.com

You can determine the version of a data sheet by examining its literature number found on the bottom outside corner of any page. The last character of the literature number is the version number, (e.g., DS3000000A is version A of document DS30000000).

#### Errata

An errata sheet, describing minor operational differences from the data sheet and recommended workarounds, may exist for current devices. As device/documentation issues become known to us, we will publish an errata sheet. The errata will specify the revision of silicon and revision of document to which it applies.

To determine if an errata sheet exists for a particular device, please check with one of the following:

Microchip's Worldwide Web site; http://www.microchip.com

Your local Microchip sales office (see last page)

When contacting a sales office, please specify which device, revision of silicon and data sheet (include literature number) you are using.

#### **Customer Notification System**

Register on our web site at www.microchip.com to receive the most current information on all of our products.

NOTES:

# 1.0 DEVICE OVERVIEW

The BM62 and BM64 Stereo Audio modules are built around Microchip Technology IS2062 and IS2064 SoCs.

The IS2062/64 SoC integrates the Bluetooth 4.2 dualmode radio transceiver, Power Management Unit (PMU), crystal and DSP. Users can configure the

FIGURE 1-1: APPLICATION USING BM62 MODULE

BM62/64 module using the UI tool and DSP tool, a Windows-based utility. Figure 1-1 illustrates a typical example of the BM62 module which is connected to an external audio amplifier and the MCU.

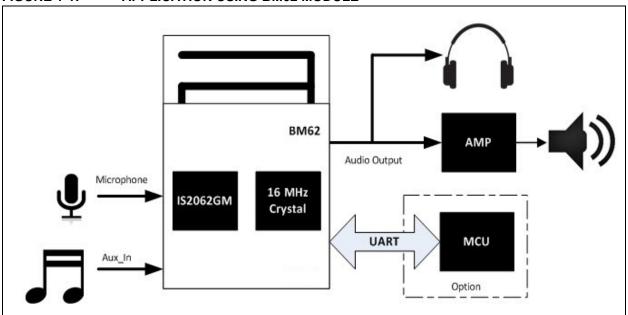


Figure 1-2 illustrates a typical example of the Class 1 BM64 module which is connected to an external MCU and a DSP/codec.

### FIGURE 1-2: APPLICATION USING BM64 MODULE

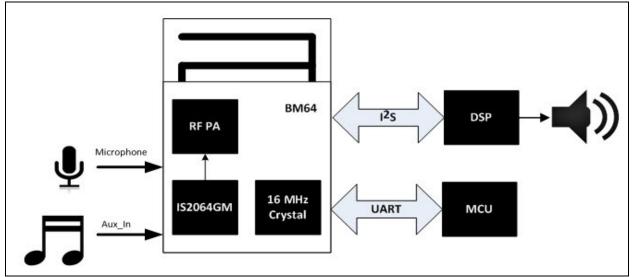
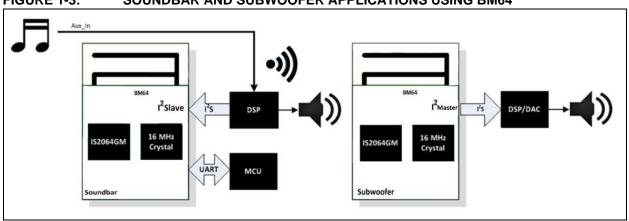


Figure 1-3 and Figure 1-4 illustrate the BM64 module in Soundbar or Subwoofer applications.



#### FIGURE 1-3: SOUNDBAR AND SUBWOOFER APPLICATIONS USING BM64



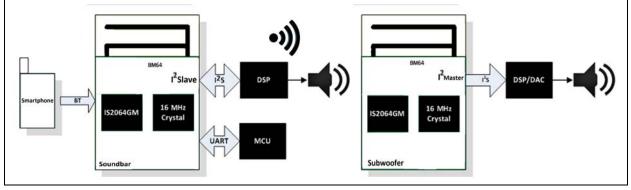


Figure 1-5 illustrates the BM64 module in a multi-speaker application.

#### FIGURE 1-5: **MULTI-SPEAKER APPLICATION USING BM64**

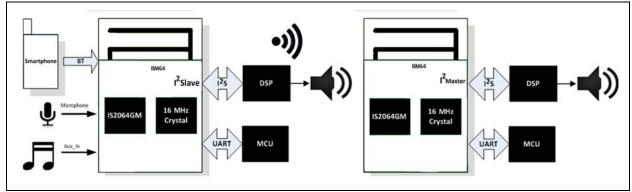


Table 1-1 provides the key features of the BM62/64 module.

TABLE 1-1: BM62/64 KEY FEATURES

Feature	BM62 CLASS2	BM64 CLASS2	BM64 CLASS1
Application	Headset/Speaker	Headset/Speaker Multi-speaker/Soundbar/Subwoofe	
Stereo/mono	Stereo	Stereo	Stereo
Pin count	37	43	43
Dimensions (mm <sup>2</sup> )	15 x 29	15 x 32	15 x 32
PCB antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tx power (typical)	2 dBm	2 dBm	15 dBm
Audio DAC output	2 Channel	2 Channel	2 Channel
DAC (single-ended) SNR at 2.8V (dB)	-98	-98	-98
DAC (capless) SNR at 2.8V (dB)	-98	-98	-98
ADC SNR at 2.8V (dB)	-92	-92	-92
I <sup>2</sup> S digital interface	No	Yes	Yes
Analog AUX-In	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mono MIC	1	1	1
External audio amplifier interface	Yes	Yes	Yes
UART	Yes	Yes	Yes
LED driver	2	2	2
Internal DC-DC Step-down regulator	Yes	Yes	Yes
DC 5V adapter input	Yes	Yes	Yes
Battery charger (350 mA max.)	Yes	Yes	Yes
ADC for thermal charger protection	Yes	Yes	Yes
Undervoltage protection (UVP)	Yes	Yes	Yes
GPIO	10	12	12
Button support	6	6	6
NFC (triggered by external NFC)	Yes	Yes	Yes
EEPROM	Yes	Yes	Yes
Customized voice prompt		Store in EEPROM	
Multi-tone	Yes	Yes	Yes
DSP sound effect	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bluetooth profiles			
HFP	1.6	1.6	1.6
AVRCP	1.6	1.6	1.6
A2DP	1.3	1.3	1.3
HSP	1.2	1.2	1.2
SPP	1.2	1.2	1.2

Figure 1-6 illustrates the pin diagram of the BM62 module.

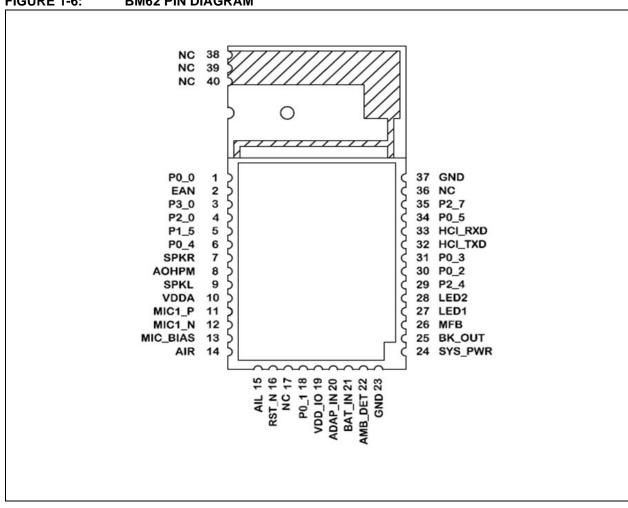


Table 1-2 provides the pin description of the BM62 module.

Pin No	Pin Type	Pin Name	Description
1	I/O	P0_0	Configurable control or indication pin (internally pulled-up if configured as an input) • Slide switch detector • UART TX_IND
2	Ι	EAN	<ul> <li>External address-bus negative</li> <li>System configuration pin along with the P2_0 and P2_4 pins, used to set the module in any one of the following three modes:</li> <li>Application mode (for normal operation)</li> <li>Test mode (to change EEPROM values)</li> <li>Write Flash mode (to enter a new firmware into the module) in a new firmware into the module.</li> </ul>
			module), refer to Table 5-1 ROM: Must be pulled high to VDD_IO Flash: Must be pulled down with 4.7 kOhm to GND
3	I/O	P3_0	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up, if configured as an input) AUX-In detector
4	I/O	P2_0	<ul> <li>System configuration pin along with P2_4 and EAN pins, used to set the module in any one of the following three modes:</li> <li>Application mode (for normal operation)</li> <li>Test mode (to change EEPROM values),</li> <li>Write Flash mode (to enter a new firmware into the module), refer toTable 5-1</li> </ul>
5	I/O	P1_5	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up, if configured as an input) • NFC detection pin • Out_Ind_1 • Slide switch detector
6	I/O	P0_4	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up, if configured as an input) • NFC detection pin • Out_Ind_1
7	0	SPKR	Analog headphone output, right channel
8	0	AOHPM	Headphone common mode output/sense input
9	0	SPKL	Analog headphone output, left channel
10	Р	VDDA	Analog reference voltage. Do not connect, for internal use only
11	I	MIC1_P	MIC1 mono differential analog positive input
12	I	MIC1_N	MIC1 mono differential analog negative input
13	Р	MIC1_BIAS	Electric microphone biasing voltage
14	I	AIR	Right-channel, single-ended analog input
15	Ι	AIL	Left-channel, single-ended analog input
16	I	RST_N	System Reset (active-low)
17	-	NC	No connection

TABLE 1-2:BM62 PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin No	Pin Type	Pin Name	Description	
18	I/O	P0_1	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up, if configured as an input)	
19	P	VDD_IO	FWD key I/O positive supply. Do not connect. For internal use only	
20	P	ADAP_IN	5V power adaptor input	
21	Р	 BAT_IN	Battery input, voltage range: 3.2V to 4.2V	
22	Р	AMB DET	Analog input for ambient temperature detection	
23	Р	GND	Ground reference	
24	Р	SYS PWR	System power output	
25	Р	BK_OUT	1.8V buck output. Do not connect to other devices. For internal use only,	
26	I	MFB	Multi-function button	
27	I	LED1	LED Driver 1	
28	I	LED2	LED Driver 2	
29	I/O	P2_4	System configuration pin along with P2_0 and EAN pins, used to set the module in any one of the followir three modes:	
			<ul> <li>Application mode (for normal operation)</li> <li>Test mode (to change EEPROM values)</li> <li>Write Flash mode (to enter the new firmware into the module), refer to Table 5-1</li> </ul>	
30	I/O	P0_2	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) Play/Pause key as the default setting	
31	I/O	P0_3	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) • REV key • Buzzer signal output • Out_Ind_2	
32	I/O	HCI_TXD	HCI UART data output	
33	I/O	HCI_RXD HCI UART data output		
34	I/O	P0_5	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) Volume-down key (default)	
35	I/O	P2_7	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) Volume-up key (default)	
36	-	NC	No connection	
37	Р	GND	Ground reference	
38	-	NC	No connection	
39	-	NC	No connection	
40	-	NC	No connection	

## TABLE 1-2: BM62 PIN DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

Note: These pins can be configured using the UI tool, a Windows utility.

Figure 1-7 illustrates the pin diagram of the BM64 module.



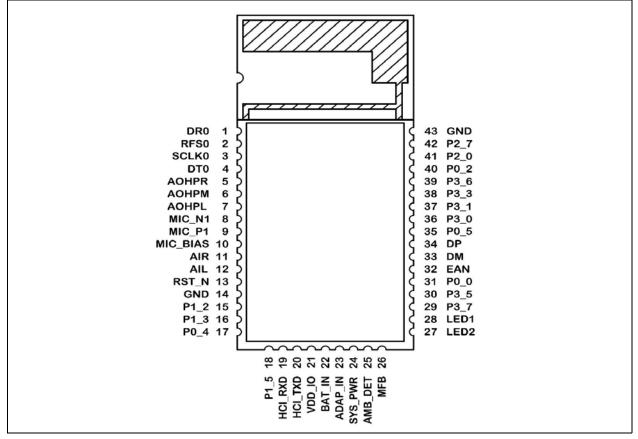


TABLE 1-3:	TABLE 1-3: BM64 PIN DESCRIPTION			
Pin No	Pin Type	Name	Description	
1	I	DR0	I <sup>2</sup> S interface: Digital left/right data	
2	I/O	RFS0	I <sup>2</sup> S interface: Left/right cock	
3	I/O	SCLK0	I <sup>2</sup> S interface: Bit clock	
4	0	DT0	I <sup>2</sup> S interface: Digital left/right data	
5	0	AOHPR	Headphone output, right channel	
6	0	AOHPM	Headphone common mode output/sense input	
7	0	AOHPL	Headphone output, left channel	
8	I	MIC_N1	MIC1 mono differential analog negative input	
9	I	MIC_P1	MIC1 mono differential analog positive input	
10	Р	MIC_BIAS	Electric microphone biasing voltage	
11	I	AIR	Right-channel single-ended analog input	
12	I	AIL	Left-channel single-ended analog input	
13	I	RST_N	System Reset (active-low)	
14	Р	GND	Ground reference	
15	I/O	P1_2	EEPROM clock SCL	
16	I/O	P1_3	EEPROM data SDA	
17	I/O	P0_4	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) NFC detection pin, active-low, Out_Ind_1	
18	I/O	P1_5	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) • NFC detection pin • SLIDE SWITCH detector, active-high • Out_Ind_1. • Multi-SPK Master/Slave mode control (FW dependent)	
19	I	HCI_RXD	HCI-UART data input	
20	0	HCI_TXD	HCI-UART data output	
21	Р	VDD_IO	I/O positive supply. Do not connect, for internal use only	
22	Р	BAT_IN	Battery input. Voltage range: 3.2V to 4.2V	
23	Р	ADAP_IN	5V power adaptor input	
24	Р	SYS_PWR	System power output	
25	Р	AMB_DET	Analog input for ambient temperature detection	
26	I	MFB	Multi-function button and power-on key UART RX_IND, active high	
27	I	LED2	LED driver 2	
28	I	LED1	LED Ddiver 1	
29	I/O	P3_7	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) UART TX_IND, active-low	
30	I/O	P3_5	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) Slide switch detector, active-high	
31	I/O	P0_0	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) Slide switch detector, active-high, Out_Ind_0	

 Table 1-3 provides the BM64 pin descriptions.

 TABLE 1 2:
 BM64 PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin No	Pin Type	Name	Description
32	I	EAN	<ul> <li>External address-bus negative</li> <li>System configuration pin along with the P2_0 pin used to se the module in any one of these modes:</li> <li>Application mode (for normal operation)</li> <li>Test mode (to change EEPROM values)</li> <li>Write Floch mode (to enter new firmulate into the module)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Write Flash mode (to enter new firmware into the module) refer to Table 5-1</li> <li>ROM: Must be pulled high to VDD_IO</li> </ul>
			Flash: must be pulled down with 4.7 kOhm to GND
33	I/O	DM	Differential data-minus USB
34	I/O	DP	Differential data-plus USB
35	I/O	P0_5	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) Volume-down key (default)
36	I/O	P3_0	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) AUX-In Detector
37	I/O	P3_1	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) REV key (default), active low
38	I/O	P3_3	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) FWD key, active-low
39	I/O	P3_6	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) Multi-SPK Master/Slave mode control, FW dependent
40	I/O	P0_2	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) Play/Pause key as the default setting
41	I/O	P2_0	<ul> <li>System configuration pin along with EAN pin, used to set th module in any one of the following modes:</li> <li>Application mode (for normal operation)</li> <li>Test mode (to change EEPROM values)</li> <li>Write Flash mode (to enter the new firmware into the module), refer to Table 5-1</li> </ul>
42	I/O	P2_7	Configurable control or indication pin (Internally pulled-up if configured as an input) Volume-up key (default)
43	Р	GND	Ground reference

These pins can be configured by using the UI tool, a Windows utility. Note:

NOTES:

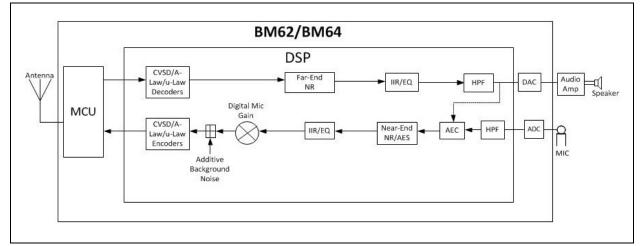
# 2.0 AUDIO

The input and output audios have different stages and each stage can be programmed to vary the gain response characteristics. For microphone, both single-ended inputs and differential inputs are supported. To maintain a high quality signal, a stable bias voltage source to the condenser microphone's FET is provided. DC blocking capacitors can be used at both positive and negative sides of a input. Internally, this analog signal is converted to 16-bit, 8 kHz linear PCM data.

# 2.1 Digital Signal Processor

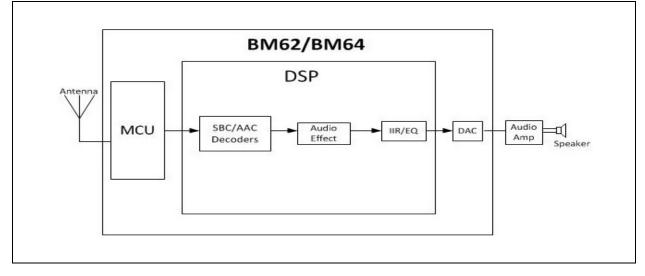
A Digital Signal Processor (DSP) is used to perform speech and audio processing. The advanced speech features, such as acoustic echo cancellation and noise reduction are in-built. To reduce nonlinear distortion and help echo cancellation, an outgoing signal level to the speaker will exceed the threshold (and therefore likely to create echo). This may result in suppression of the signal. Adaptive filtering is also applied to track the echo path impulse in response to provide echo free and full-duplex user experience. The embedded noise reduction algorithm helps to extract clean speech signals from the noisy inputs captured by microphones and improves mutual understanding in communication. Advanced audio features, such as multi-band dynamic range control, parametric multi-band equalizer, audio widening and virtual bass are in-built. The audio effect algorithms are to improve the user's audio listening experience in terms of better quality after audio signal processing.

Figure 2-1 and Figure 2-2 illustrate the processing flow of speaker-phone applications for speech and audio signal processing.



#### FIGURE 2-1: SPEECH PROCESSING

FIGURE 2-2: AUDIO PROCESSING



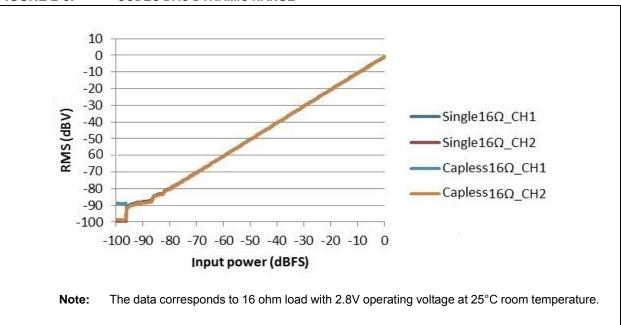
The DSP parameters can be configured using the DSP tool. For additional information, refer to the "*IS206X DSP Application Note*".

Note:	The DSP tool is a windows-based config-
	uration tool, which is available for down-
	load from the Microchip web site at:
	www.microchip.com/BM62 and
	www.microchip.com/BM64

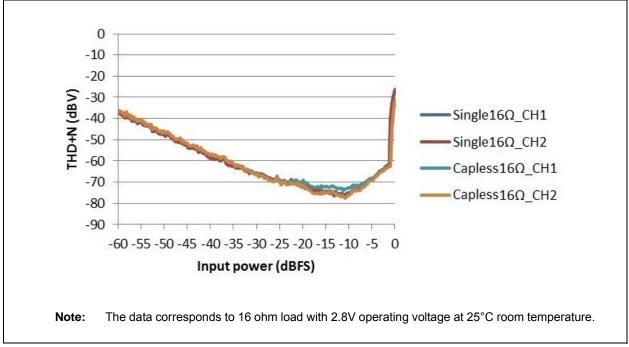
FIGURE 2-3: CODEC DAC DYNAMIC RANGE

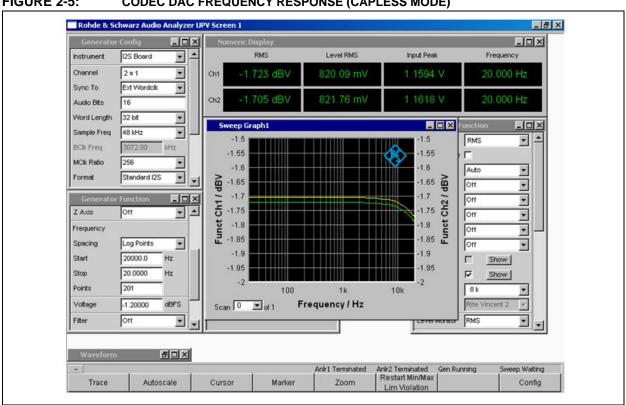
### 2.2 Codec

The built-in codec has a high signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) performance. This built-in codec consist of an analog-to-digital converter (ADC), a digital-to-analog converter (DAC) and an additional analog circuitry. Figure 2-3 through Figure 2-6 illustrate the dynamic range and frequency response of the codec.



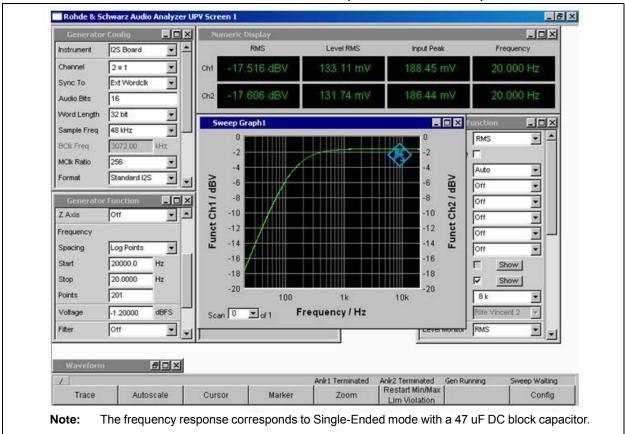






#### FIGURE 2-5: CODEC DAC FREQUENCY RESPONSE (CAPLESS MODE)





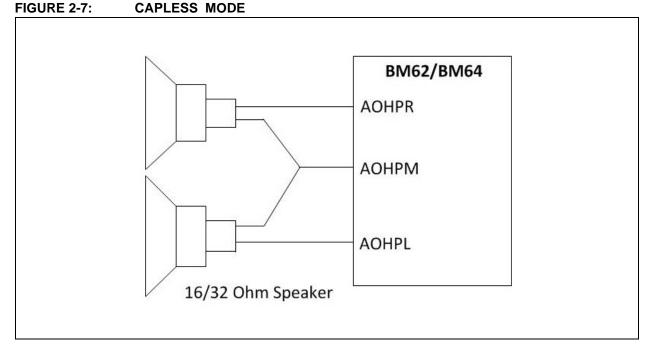
# 2.3 Auxiliary Port

The BM62/64 module supports one analog (line-in) signal from external audio source. The analog (line-in) signal can be processed by the DSP to generate different sound effects (Multi-band dynamic range compression and audio widening), which can be set up by using the DSP tool.

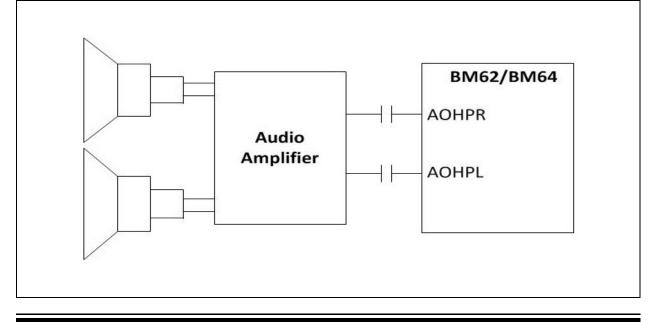
## 2.4 Analog Speaker Output

The BM62/64 module supports the following speaker output modes:

- Capless mode Commended for headphone applications in which capless output connection helps to save the BOM cost by avoiding a large DC blocking capacitor. Figure 2-7 illustrates the analog speaker output capless mode.
- Single-ended mode Used for driving an external audio amplifier where a DC blocking capacitor is required. Figure 2-8 illustrates the analog speaker output single-ended mode.



#### FIGURE 2-8: SINGLE-ENDED MODE



# 3.0 TRANSCEIVER

The BM62/64 module is designed and optimized for Bluetooth 2.4 GHz system. It contains a complete radio frequency transmitter/receiver section. An internal synthesizer generates a stable clock for synchronizing with another device.

# 3.1 Transmitter

The internal power amplifier (PA) has a maximum output power of +4 dBm. This is applied for Class 2 or Class 3 radios without an external RF PA.

The transmitter performs IQ conversion to minimize the frequency drift.

# 3.2 Receiver

The low-noise amplifier (LNA) operates with TR-combined mode for single port application. It can save a pin on package without having an external Tx/Rx switch.

The ADC is used to sample the input analog signal and convert it into digital signal for de-modulator analysis. A channel filter has been integrated into receiver channel before the ADC, which is used to reduce the external component count and increase the anti-interference capability. The image rejection filter is used to reject image frequency for low-IF architecture. This filter for low-IF architecture is intented to reduce external Band Pass Filter (BPF) component for super heterodyne architecture.

Received Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI) signal feedback to the processor is used to control the RF output power to make a good trade-off for effective distance and current consumption.

# 3.3 Synthesizer

A synthesizer generates a clock for radio transceiver operation. There is a VCO inside, with a tunable internal LC tank that can reduce variation for components. A crystal oscillator with internal digital trimming circuit provides a stable clock for synthesizer.

# 3.4 Modem

For Bluetooth 1.2 specification and below, 1 Mbps was the standard data rate based on Gaussian Frequency Shift Keying (GFSK) modulation scheme. This basic rate modem meets Basic Data Rate (BDR) requirements of Bluetooth 2.0 with Enhanced Data Rate (EDR) specification.

For Bluetooth 2.0 and above specifications, EDR has been introduced to provide data rates of 2 Mbps, 3 Mbps and 1 Mbps. For baseband, both BDR and EDR utilize the same 1 MHz symbol rate and 1.6 kHz slot rate. For BDR, symbol 1 represents 1-bit. However, each symbol in the payload part of EDR packet represents 2/3 bits. This is achieved by using two different modulations,  $\pi$ /4 DQPSK and 8 DPSK.

# 3.5 Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH)

The BM62/64 module has AFH function to avoid RF interference. It has an algorithm to check the nearby interference and to choose clear channel for transceiver Bluetooth signal.

NOTES:

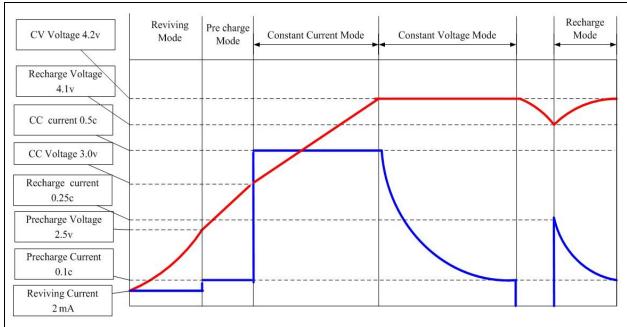
# 4.0 POWER MANAGEMENT UNIT

The on-chip Power Management Unit (PMU) has two main features: lithium-ion and lithium-polymer battery charger, and voltage regulation. A power switch is used to switch over the power source between the battery and adaptor. Also, the PMU provides current to drive two LEDs.

### 4.1 Charging a Battery

The BM62/64 module has a built-in battery charger which is optimized for lithium-ion and lithium-polymer batteries.

The charger includes a current sensor for charging control, user programmable current regulation, and high accuracy voltage regulation. The charging current parameters are configured by the UI tool. Reviving, pre-charging, constant current and constant voltage modes, and re-charging functions are included. The maximum charging current is 350 mA. Figure 4-1 illustrates the charging curve of a battery.



#### FIGURE 4-1: CHARGING CURVE

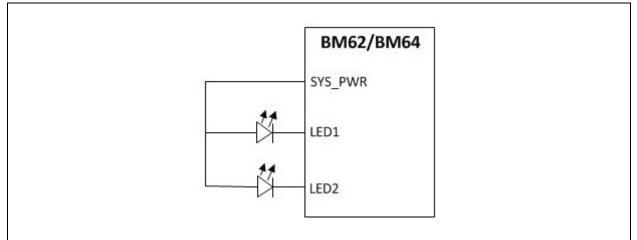
# 4.2 Voltage Monitoring

A 10-bit, successive approximation ADC (SAR ADC) provides a dedicated channel for voltage level detection. The warning level can be programmed by using the UI tool. The ADC provides a granular resolution to enable the MCU to take control over the charging process.

# 4.3 LED Driver

Two dedicated LED drivers control the LEDs. They provide enough sink current (16 step control and 0.35 mA for each step), thus LEDs can be connected directly with the BM62/64 module. LED settings can be configured using the UI tool. Figure 4-2 illustrates the LED drivers in the BM62/64 module.

#### FIGURE 4-2: LED DRIVER



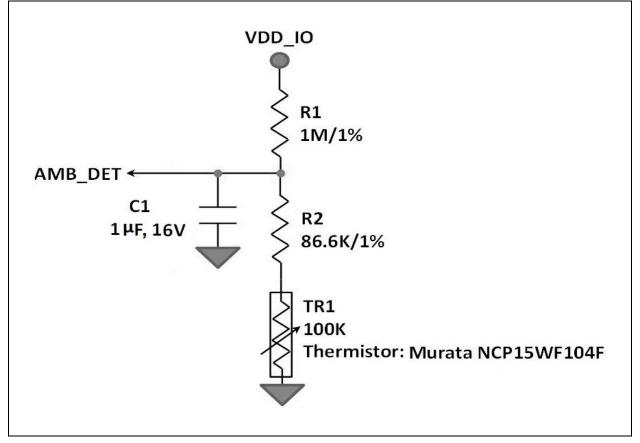
# 4.4 Under Voltage Protection

When the SYS\_PWR voltage is less than 2.9V, the system will shutdown.

# 4.5 Ambient Detection

The BM62/64 module has a built-in ADC for charger thermal protection. Figure 4-3 illustrates the suggested circuit and thermistor, Murata NCP15WF104F. The charger thermal protection can avoid battery charge in restricted temperature range. The upper and lower limits for temperature values can be configured using the UI tool.

### FIGURE 4-3: AMBIENT DETECTION



# 5.0 APPLICATION INFORMATION

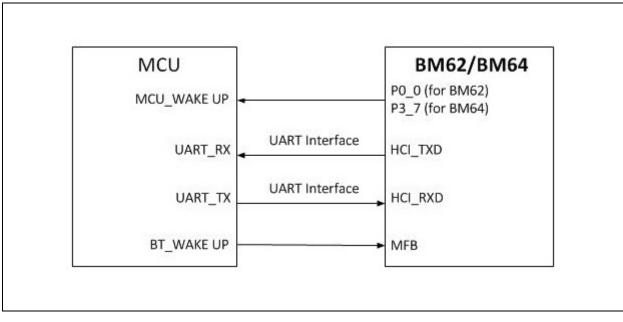
# 5.1 Host MCU Interface

The BM62/64 module supports UART commands. The UART commands enable an external MCU to control the BM62/64 module. Figure 5-1 illustrates the UART interface between the BM62/64 module and MCU.

An external MCU can control the BM62/64 module over the UART interface and wake-up the module with the MFB pins, P0\_0 (BM62) and P3\_7 (BM64). Refer to the *"UART\_CommandSet"* document for a list of functions the BM62/64 module supports, and how to use the UI tool to configure UART and UART Command Set tool.

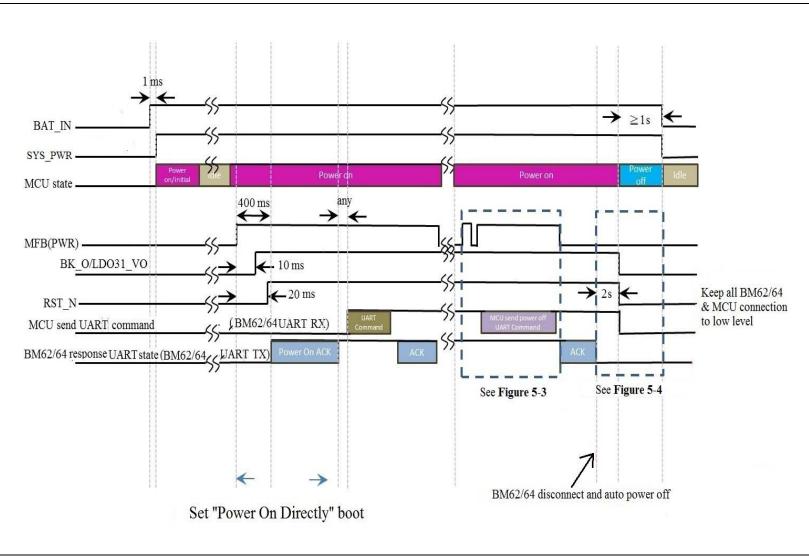
Note: The UART Command set tool (SPKCommandSetTool v160.xx) is available for download from the Microchip web site at: www.microchip.com/BM62 and www.microchip.com/BM64.

### FIGURE 5-1: HOST MCU INTERFACE OVER UART

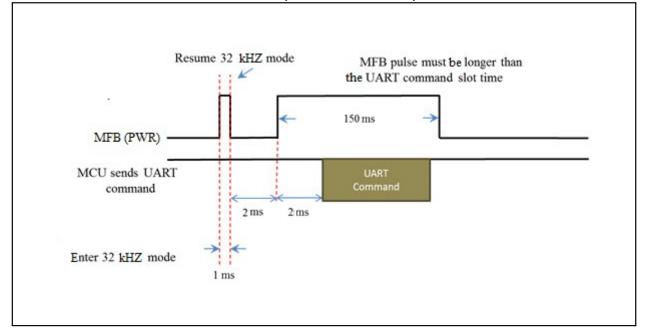


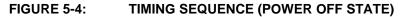
# Figure 5-2 through Figure 5-7 illustrate the various UART control signal timing sequences.

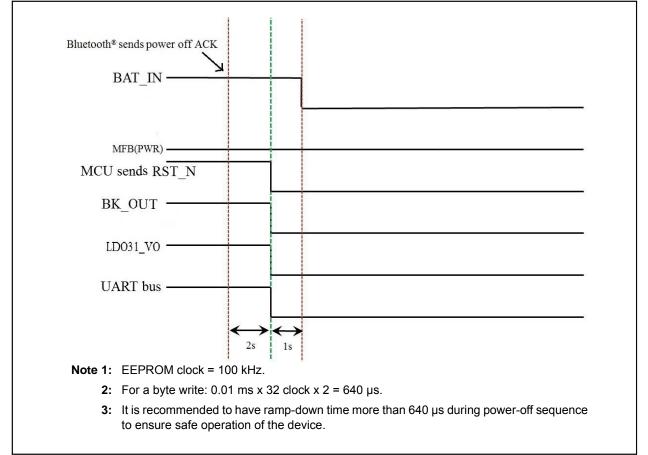
# FIGURE 5-2: POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

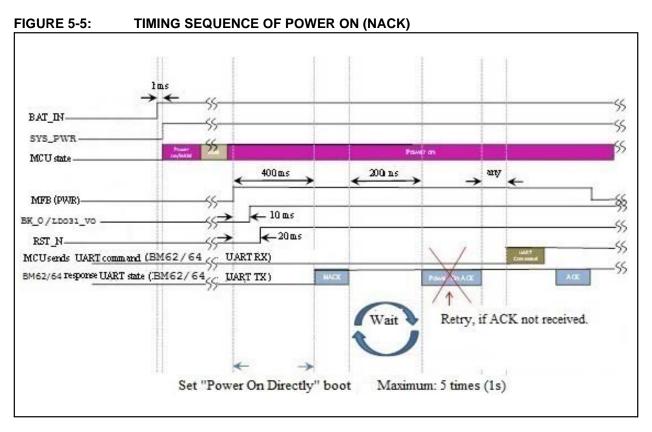




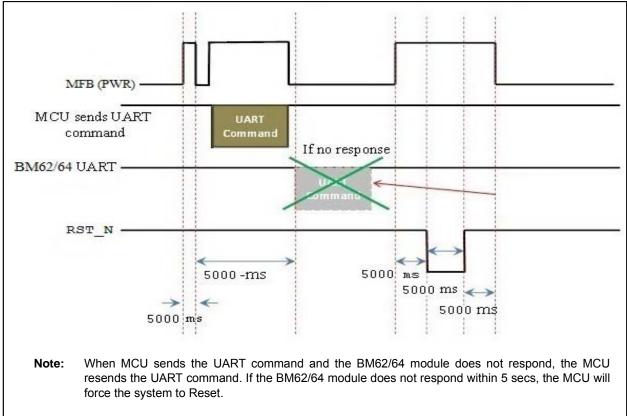


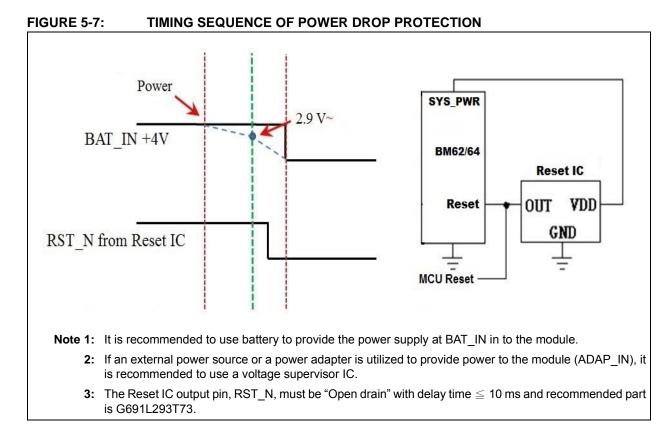






### FIGURE 5-6: RESET TIMING SEQUENCE IN NO RESPONSE FROM MODULE TO HOST MCU

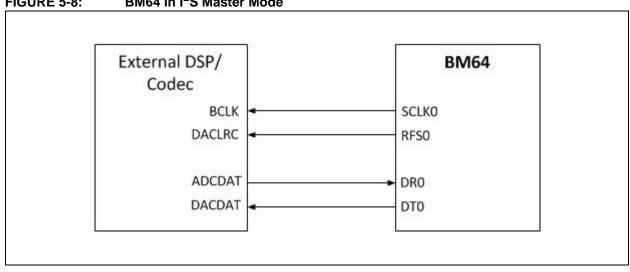




#### I<sup>2</sup>S Mode Application 5.2

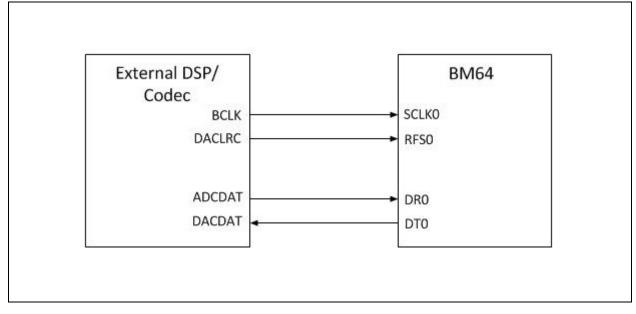
The BM64 module provides an I<sup>2</sup>S digital audio output interface to connect with the external codec/DSP. It provides 8, 16, 44.1, 48, 88.2, and 96 kHz sampling rate for 16-bit and 24-bit data formats. The I<sup>2</sup>S setting can be configured by using the UI and DSP tools. Figure 5-8 and Figure 5-9 illustrate the I<sup>2</sup>S signal connection between the BM64 module and an external DSP. Use the DSP tool to configure the BM64 module as a Master/Slave.

For additional information on timing specifications, refer to 8.2"Timing specifications".



#### BM64 in I<sup>2</sup>S Master Mode FIGURE 5-8:





Note: The UI and DSP tools can be downloaded from the Microchip web site: www.microchip.com/BM62 and www.microchip.com/BM64.

# 5.3 Reset

The BM62/64 module provides a watchdog timer (WDT) to Reset the chip. It has an integrated Power-on Reset (POR) circuit that resets all circuits to a known Power-on state. This action can also be driven by an external Reset signal which is used to control the device externally by forcing it into a POR state. The RST\_N signal input is active-low and no connection is required in most applications.

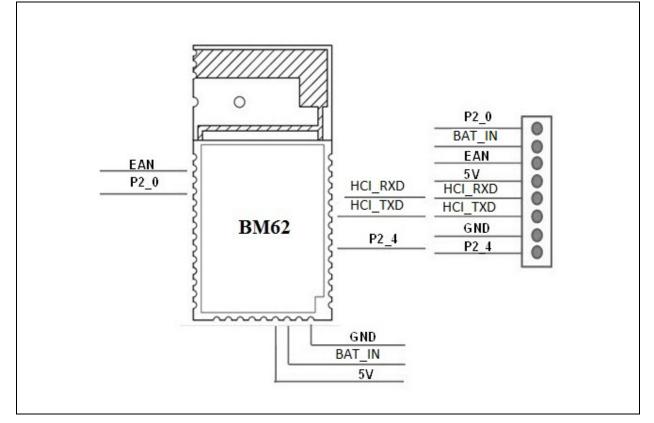
# 5.4 External Configuration and Programming

The BM62/64 module can be configured using an external configuration tool (EEPROM tool) and firm-ware is programmed using a programming tool (Flash tool).

Note:	The EEPROM tool and Flash tool are		
	available for download from the Microchip		
	web site at: www.microchip.com/BM62		
	and www.microchip.com/BM64.		

Figure 5-10 illustrates the configuration and firmware programming interface on the BM62 module. It is recommended to include a header pin on the main PCB for development.





Configuration and firmware programming modes are entered according to the system configuration I/O pins. Table 5-1 provides the system configuration settings. The P2\_0, P2\_4 and EAN pins have internal pull up.

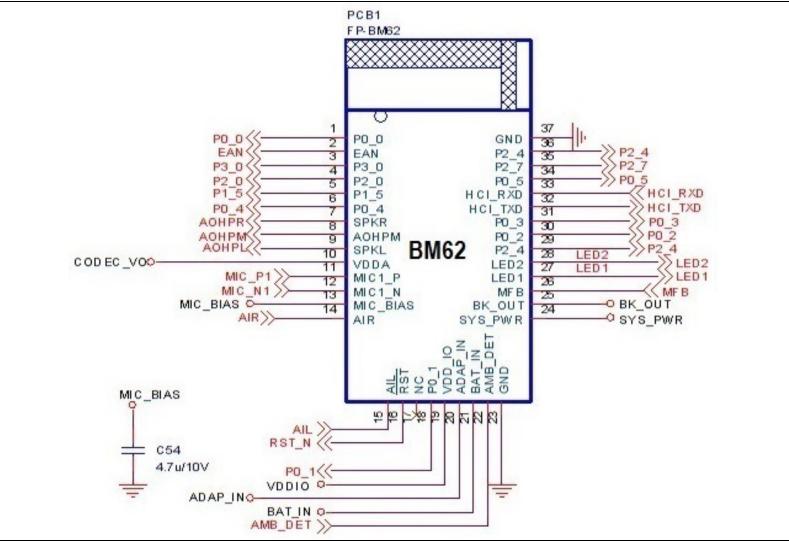
P2_0	P2_4	EAN	Operating Mode			
High	High	Low (Flash), High (ROM)	APP mode (Normal operation)			
Low	High	Low (Flash), High (ROM)	Test mode (Write EEPROM)			
Low	Low	High	Write Flash (BM62 only)			

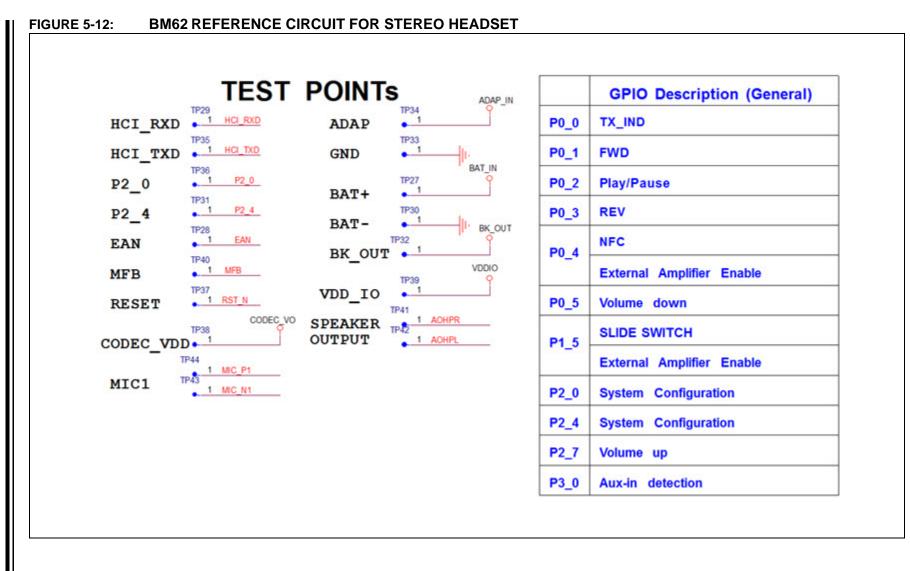
### TABLE 5-1: SYSTEM CONFIGURATION SETTINGS

# 5.5 Reference Circuit

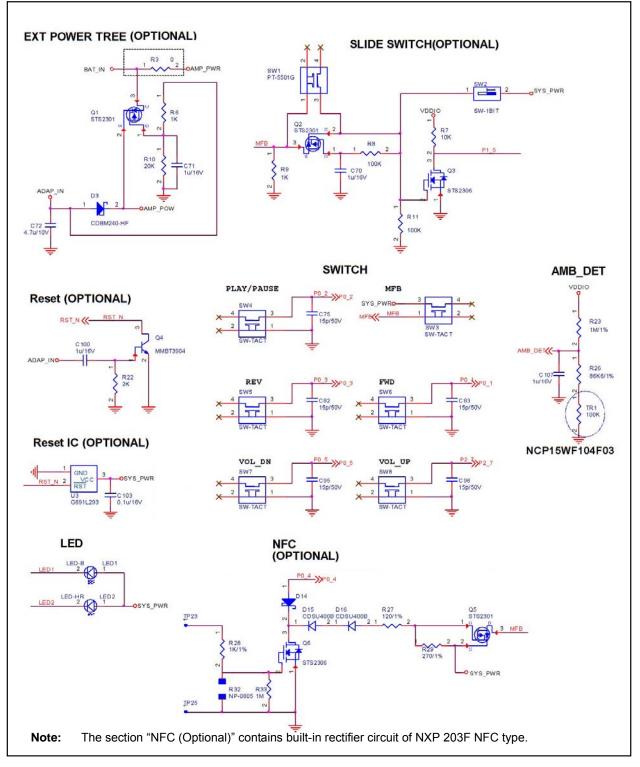
Figure 5-11 through Figure 5-14 illustrate the BM62 module reference circuit for a stereo headset application.

# FIGURE 5-11: BM62 REFERENCE CIRCUIT FOR STEREO HEADSET





# FIGURE 5-13: BM62 REFERENCE CIRCUIT FOR STEREO HEADSET



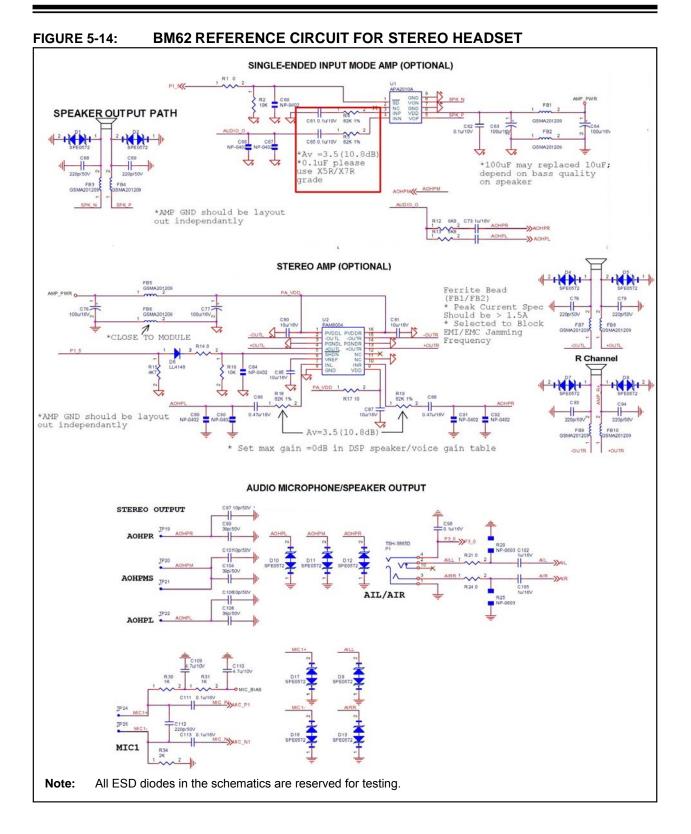
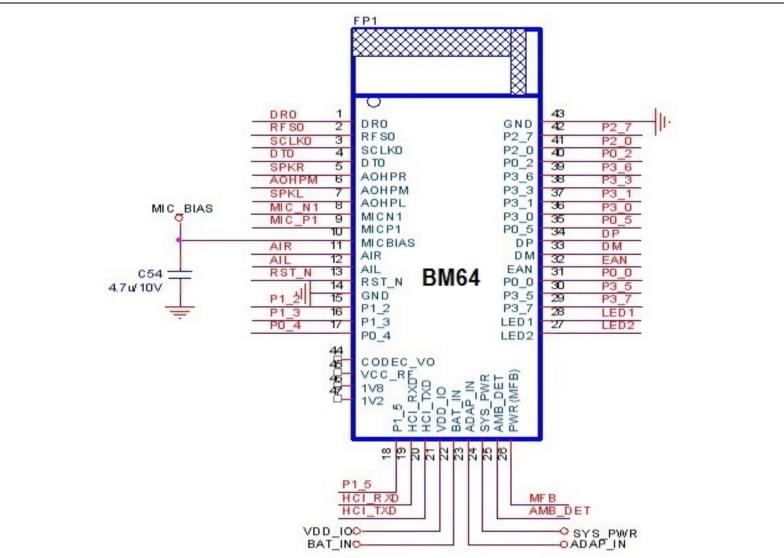
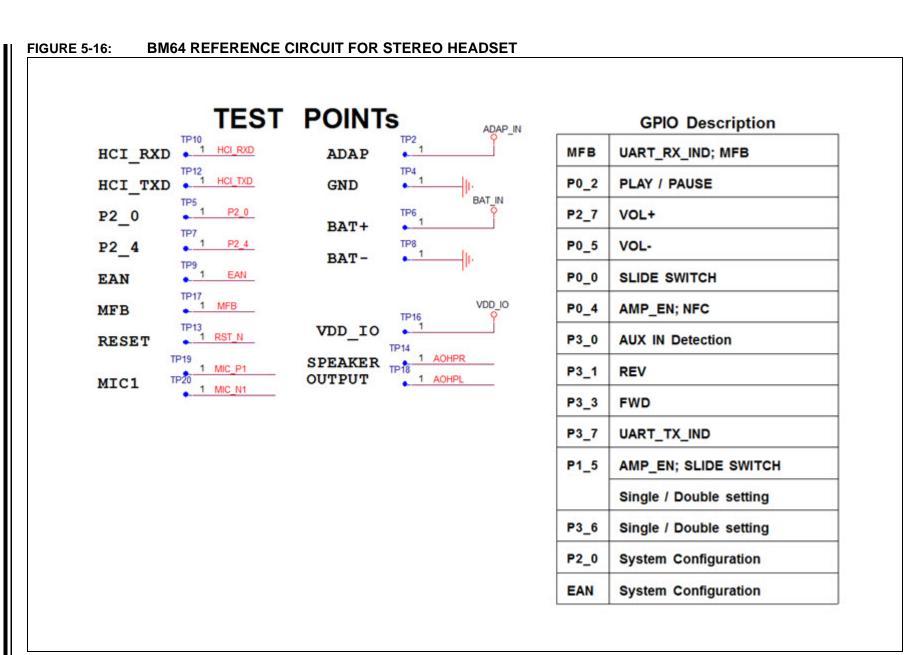


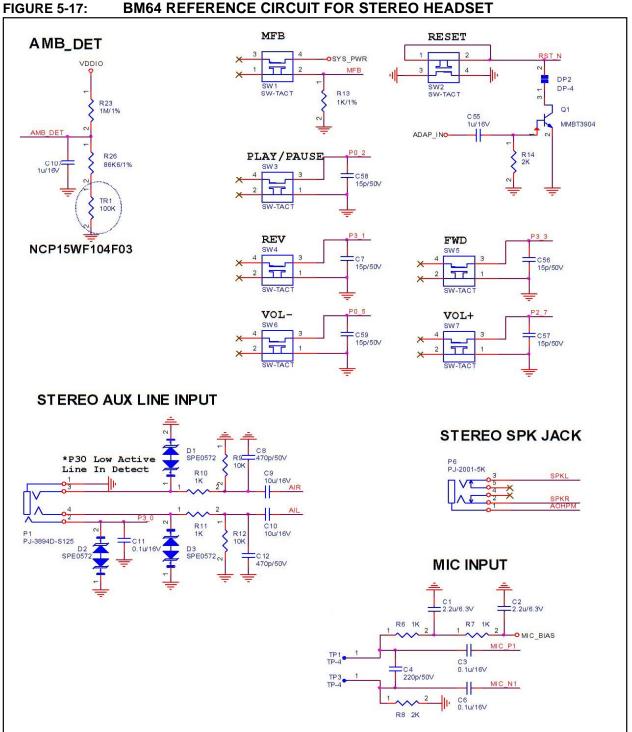
Figure 5-15 through Figure 5-18 illustrate the BM64 reference circuit for a stereo headset application.

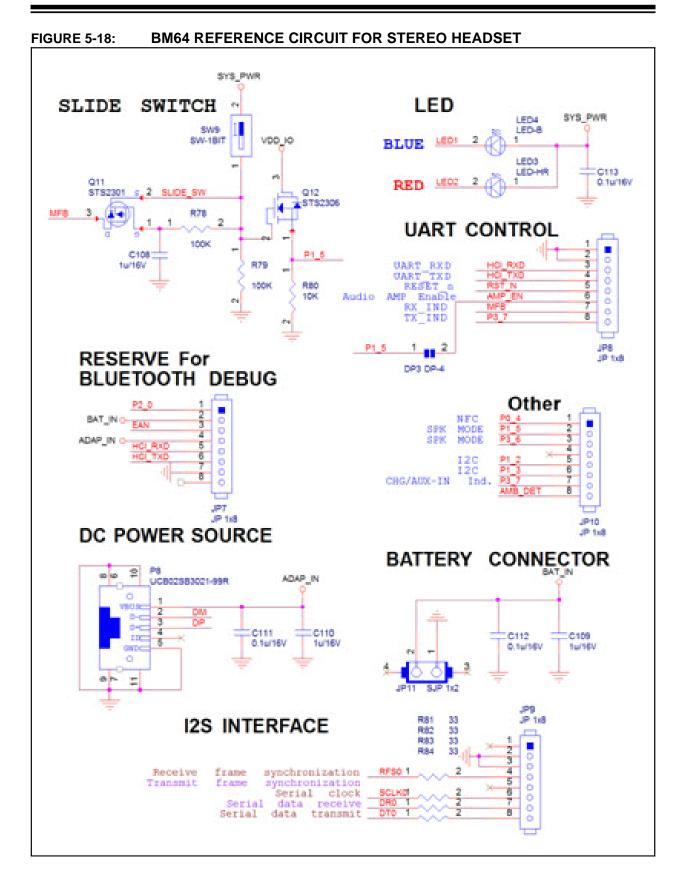
### FIGURE 5-15: BM64 REFERENCE CIRCUIT FOR STEREO HEADSET



DS60001403A - Page 34







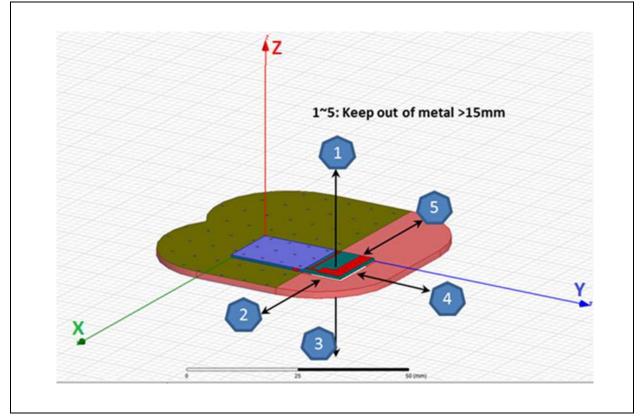
### 6.0 PRINTED ANTENNA INFORMATION

Figure 6-2 illustrates the radiation pattern of the PCB printed antenna.

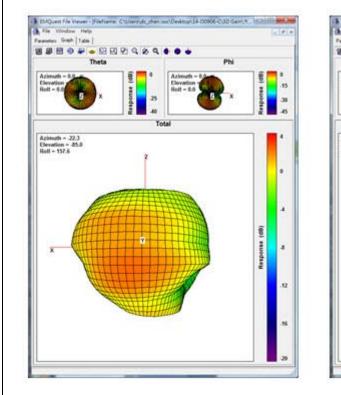
# 6.1 Antenna Radiation Pattern

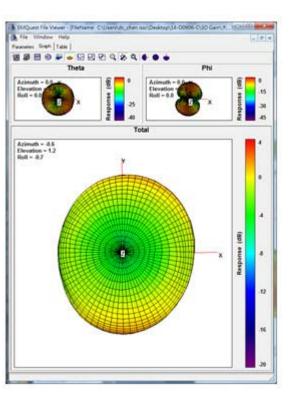
The BM62/64 module has one PCB printed antenna, see Figure 6-1.

#### FIGURE 6-1: KEEP OUT AREA RECOMMENDED FOR ANTENNA



#### FIGURE 6-2: ANTENNA 3D RADIATION PATTERN AT 2441 MHz





#### TABLE 6-1: BM62/64 ANTENNA CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Values
Frequency	2400 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Peak Gain	1.927 dBi
Efficiency	73.41%

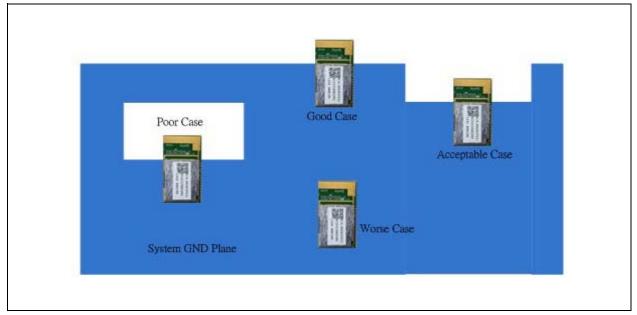
# 6.2 Module Placement Guidelines

For a Bluetooth product, the antenna placement affects the performance of the whole system. The antenna requires free space to radiate RF signals and it cannot be surrounded by the ground plane. Microchip recommends that the areas underneath the antenna on the host PCB must not contain copper on top, inner, or bottom layer as illustrated in Figure 6-1.

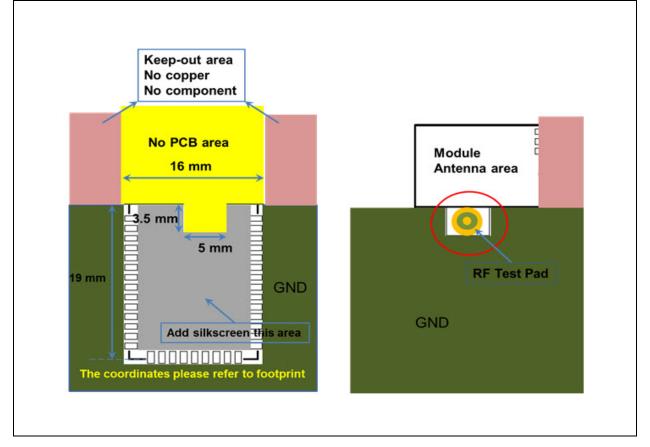
A low-impedance ground plane will ensure the best radio performance (best range, lowest noise). The ground plane can be extended beyond the minimum recommendation, as required for the main PCB EMC noise reduction. For the best range performance, keep all external metal at least 15 mm away from the on-board PCB trace antenna.

Figure 6-3 and Figure 6-4 illustrate examples of good and poor placement of the BM62/64 module on a host board with GND plane.

FIGURE 6-3: MODULE PLACEMENT GUIDELINES

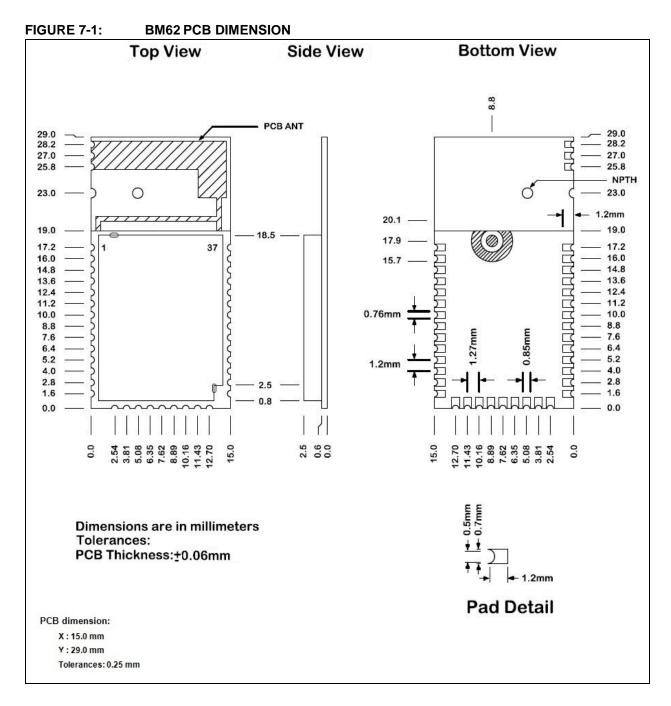






# 7.0 PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

Figure 7-1 illustrates the BM62 module PCB dimension and Figure 7-2 illustrates the BM64 module PCB dimension.



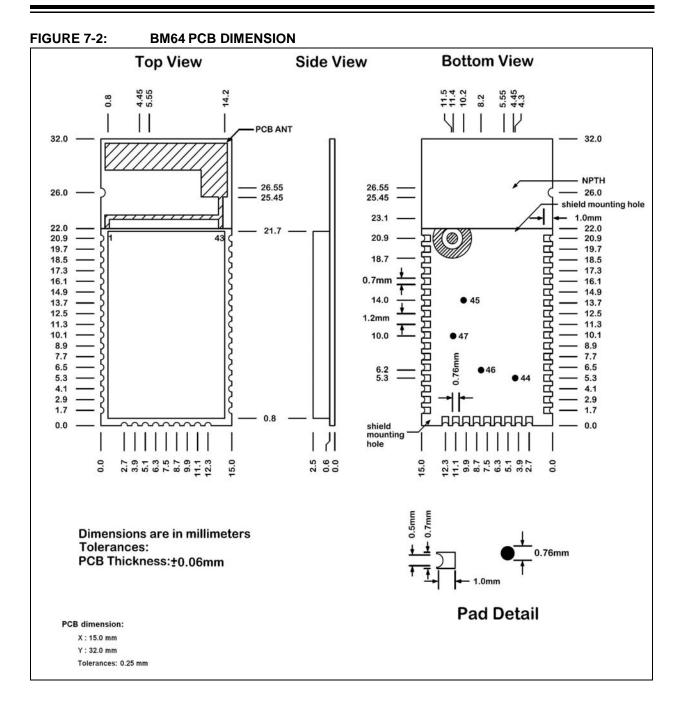


Figure 7-3 illustrates the recommended PCB footprint for the BM62 module, and Figure 7-4 illustrates the recommended PCB footprint.for the BM64 module.

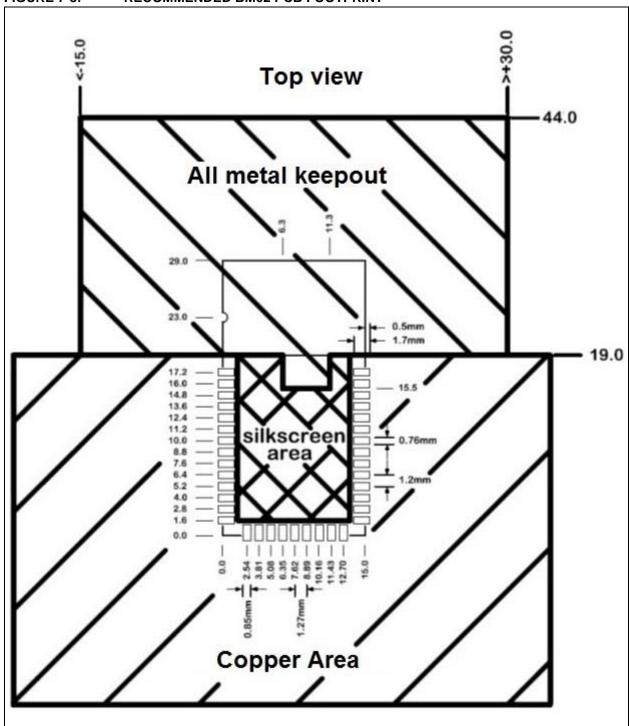
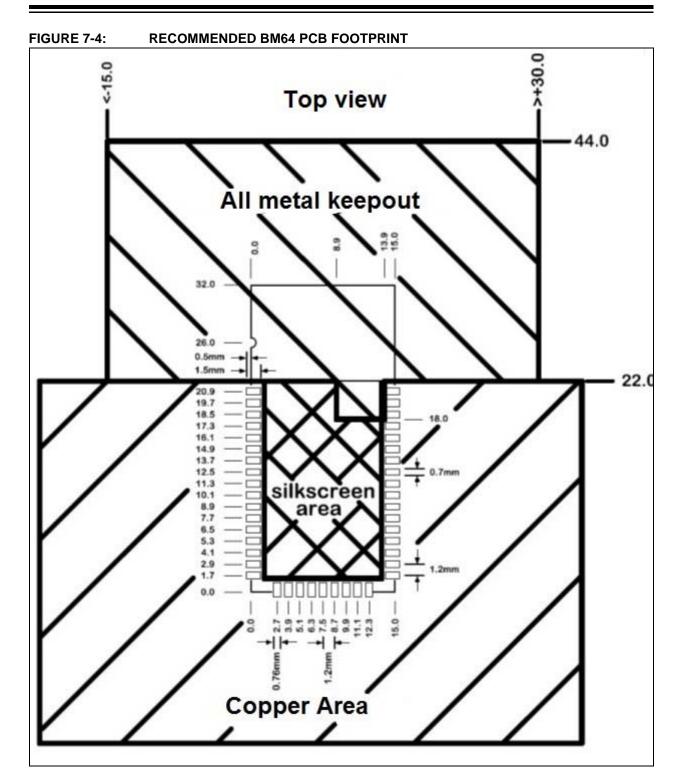


FIGURE 7-3: RECOMMENDED BM62 PCB FOOTPRINT



# 8.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

This section provides an overview of the BM62/64 stereo audio module electrical characteristics. Additional information will be provided in future revisions of this document as it becomes available.

Absolute maximum ratings for the BM62/64 devices are listed below. Exposure to these maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions, above the parameters indicated in the operation listings of this specification, is not implied.

### 8.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Ambient temperature under bias	20°C to +70°C
Voltage on VDD with respect to Vss	0.3V to +3.6V
Maximum output current sink by any I/O pin	12 mA
Maximum output current sourced by any I/O pin	12 mA

**Note:** Stresses listed under "**Absolute Maximum Ratings**" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only. The functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions and those indicated in the operation listings of this specification, is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

IABLE 0 I.							
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit		
BAT_IN	Input voltage for battery	3.2	3.8	4.2	V		
ADAP_IN	Input voltage for adaptor	4.5	5	5.5	V		
TOPERATION	Operation temperature	-20	+25	+70	°C		

### TABLE 8-1: RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

Note 1: Absolute and Recommended operating condition tables reflect typical usage for device.

#### TABLE 8-2: I/O AND RESET LEVEL

Min	Typical	Max	Unit			
3.0	3.3	3.6	V			
I/O voltage levels						
0	—	0.8	V			
2.0	—	3.6	V			
—	—	0.4	V			
2.4	—	—	V			
—	1.6	_	V			
	0 2.0 —	3.0     3.3       0     -       2.0     -       -     -       2.4     -	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

#### TABLE 8-3: BATTERY CHARGER

Parameter		Min	Typical	Max	Unit
ADAP_IN Input Voltage	ADAP_IN Input Voltage		5.0	5.5	V
Supply current to charger or	וy	—	3	4.5	mA
Maximum Battery Fast Charge Current	Headroom > 0.7V (ADAP_IN = 5V)	_	350	_	mA
	Headroom = 0.3V~0.7V (ADAP_IN = 4.5V)	_	175 <b>(Note 2)</b>	—	mA
Trickle Charge Voltage Thre	Trickle Charge Voltage Threshold		3	—	V
Battery Charge Termination Current, (% of Fast Charge Current)		—	10	—	%

**Note 1:** Headroom = VADAP\_IN – VBAT

- 2: When VADAP\_IN VBAT > 2V, the maximum fast charge current is 175 mA for thermal protection.
- 3: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

#### TABLE 8-4: LED DRIVER

Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Open-drain Voltage	—		3.6	V
Programmable Current Range	0	—	5.25	mA
Intensity Control	—	16	_	step
Current Step	—	0.35	_	mA
Power Down Open-drain Current	_	—	1	μA
Shutdown Current	—	_	1	μA

**Note 1:** Test condition: BK\_O = 1.8V with temperature +25 °C.

2: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

### TABLE 8-5: AUDIO CODEC ANALOG TO DIGITAL CONVERTER

Parameter (Condition)	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Resolution		_	16	Bit
Output Sample Rate	8	_	48	kHz
Signal to Noise Ratio <b>(Note 1)</b> (SNR at MIC or Line-in mode)	-	92	_	dB
Digital Gain	-54	_	4.85	dB
Digital Gain Resolution	_	2~6	_	dB
MIC Boost Gain	_	20	_	dB
Analog Gain	_	_	60	dB
Analog Gain Resolution	_	2.0		dB
Input full-scale at maximum gain (differential)	_	4	_	mV/rms
Input full-scale at minimum gain (differential)	_	800	—	mV/rms
3dB bandwidth	_	20	_	kHz
Microphone mode (input impedance)		24	_	kOhm
THD+N (microphone input) at 30 mV/rms input	—	0.02	_	%

Note 1:  $f_{in}$  = 1 kHz, B/W = 20~20 kHz, A-weighted, THD+N < 1%, 150 mV<sub>pp</sub> input.

2: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

### TABLE 8-6: AUDIO CODEC DIGITAL TO ANALOG CONVERTER

T = 25 °C, VDD = 2.8V, 1 kHz sine wave input	, Bandwidth = 20	Hz~20 kHz			
Parameter (Condition)		Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Over-sampling rate		—	128	—	f <sub>s</sub>
Resolution		16	—	20	Bit
Output Sample Rate		8	—	48	kHz
Signal to Noise Ratio <b>(Note 1)</b> (SNR at capless mode) for 48 kHz		_	98	—	dB
Signal to Noise Ratio <b>(Note 1)</b> (SNR at single-ended mode) for 48 kHz		_	98	—	dB
Digital Gain		-54	—	4.85	dB
Digital Gain Resolution		—	2~6	_	dB
Analog Gain		-28	—	3	dB
Analog Gain Resolution		-	1	—	dB
Output Voltage Full-scale Swing (AVDD = 2.8)	∕)	495	742.5	_	mV/rms
Maximum Output Power (16 Ohm load)		_	34.5	_	mW
Maximum Output Power (32 Ohm load)		-	17.2	—	mW
Allowed Load Resistive Capacitive		—	16	0.C.	Ohm
		—	—	500	pF
THD+N (16 Ohm load) <b>(Note 2)</b>		_	0.05	—	%
Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR at 16 Ohm load) (I	Note 1)	—	98		dB

Note 1: f<sub>in</sub> = 1 kHz, B/W = 20~20 kHz, A-weighted, THD+N < 0.01%, 0dBFS signal, Load = 100 kOhm

2: f<sub>in</sub> = 1 kHz, B/W = 20~20 kHz, A-weighted, -1dBFS signal, Load=16 Ohm

**3:** f<sub>in</sub> = 1 kHz, B/W = 20~20 kHz, A-weighted, THD+N < 0.05%, 0dBFS signal, Load = 16 Ohm

4: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

#### TABLE 8-7: TRANSMITTER SECTION FOR BDR AND EDR

Parameter		Min	Typical	Max	Bluetooth specification	Unit
Maximum RF transmit	Class 1	_	15.0 <sup>(3)</sup>	_	< 20	dBm
power	Class 2	_	2 <sup>(3)</sup>	_	-6 to 4	dBm
EDR/BDR Relative trans	smit power	-4	-1.8	1	-4 to 1	dB

**Note 1:** The RF Tx power has modulation value.

2: The RF Transmit power is calibrated during production using the MP tool and MT8852 Bluetooth Test equipment.

3: Test condition: VCC\_RF = 1.28V, temperature +25 °C.

	Modulation	Min	Typical	Max	Bluetooth specification	Unit
Sensitivity at 0.1% BER	GFSK	—	-89		≤-70	dBm
Sensitivity at 0.01% BER	π/4 DQPSK		-90	_	≤-70	dBm
	8DPSK	—	-83		≤-70	dBm

Note 1: Test condition: VCC\_RF = 1.28V with temperature +25 °C.

2: These parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing.

#### TABLE 8-9: SYSTEM CURRENT CONSUMPTION OF BM62

System Status	Typical <sup>(1)</sup>	Max	Unit			
System-Off mode	—	10	μA			
Stop advertising (Samsung S5 (SM-G900I)/Android 4.4.2)						
Stand-by mode	0.57	_	mA			
Link mode	0.5	—	mA			
ESCO link	15.1	_	mA			
A2DP link	14.3	_	mA			
Stop advertising (iPhone 6/iOS 8.4)						
Stand-by mode	0.6	_	mA			
Link mode	0.6	—	mA			
SCO link	15.3		mA			
A2DP link	15.4	_	mA			

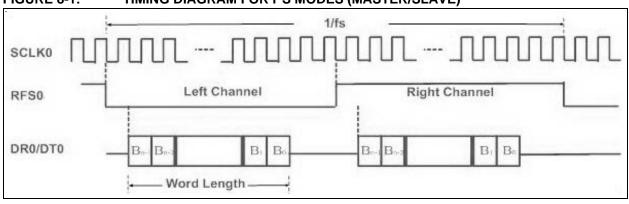
**Note 1:** The measurement data corresponds to Firmware v1.0.

2: Mode definition: Stand-by mode: Power-on without Bluetooth link; Link mode: With Bluetooth link in low-power mode.

**3:** Current consumption values are considered with the BM62 validation board as test platform, BAT\_IN = 3.8V. The distance between the smartphone and EVB is 30 cm, and the speaker is without loading.

### 8.2 Timing specifications

Figure 8-1 and Figure 8-2 illustrate the clock and data timing diagram of the BM62/64 module.



#### FIGURE 8-1: TIMING DIAGRAM FOR I<sup>2</sup>S MODES (MASTER/SLAVE)



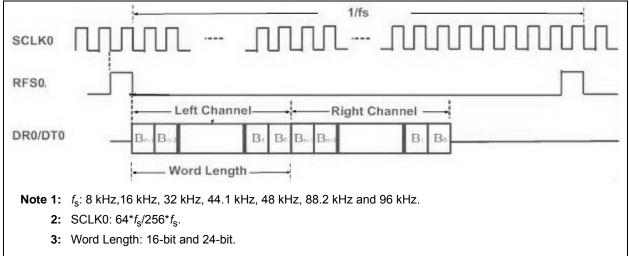
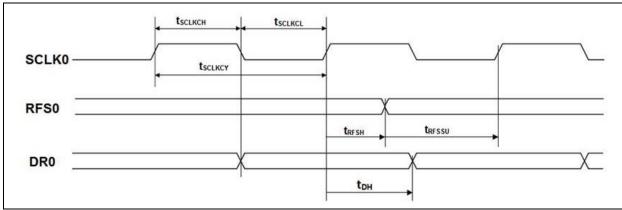


Figure 8-3 illustrates the audio interface timing diagram and Table 8-10 provides the audio interface timing specifications.



#### FIGURE 8-3: AUDIO INTERFACE TIMING DIAGRAM

#### TABLE 8-10: AUDIO INTERFACE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
SCLK0 duty ratio	d <sub>SCLK</sub>		50	-	%
SCLK0 cycle time	t <sub>SCLKCY</sub>	50	_	—	ns
SCLK0 pulse width high	t <sub>SCLKCH</sub>	20	—	_	ns
SCLK0 pulse width low	t <sub>SCLKCL</sub>	20	_	_	ns
RFS0 set-up time to SCLK0 rising edge	t <sub>RFSSU</sub>	10	_	_	ns
RFS0 hold time from SCLK0 rising edge	t <sub>RFSH</sub>	10	—	_	ns
DR0 hold time from SCLK0 rising edge	t <sub>DH</sub>	10	_		ns

**Note:** Test Conditions: Slave Mode,  $f_s$  = 48 kHz, 24-bit data and SLK0 period = 256  $f_s$ .

# 9.0 SOLDERING RECOMMENDATIONS

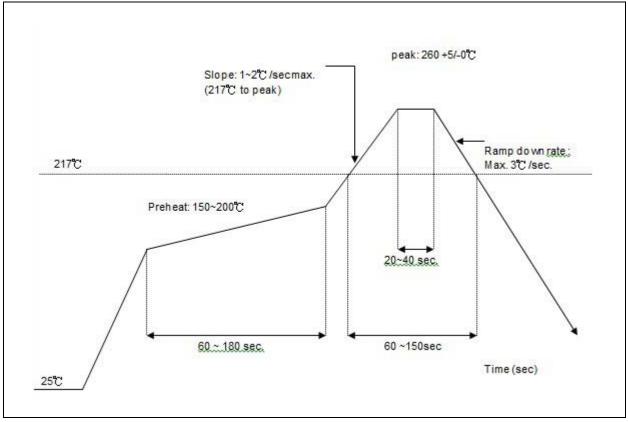
The BM62/64 module is assembled using a standard lead-free reflow profile, IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020. The BM62/64 module can be soldered to the main PCB using a standard leaded and lead-free solder reflow profiles.

To avoid the damage to the module, follow these recommendations:

 Refer to Microchip Technology Application Note "AN233 Solder Reflow Recommendation" (DS00233) for the soldering reflow recommendations

- Do not exceed peak temperature (T<sub>P</sub>) of +250 °C
- Refer to the solder paste data sheet for specific reflow profile recommendations
- Use no-clean flux solder paste
- Do not wash, as moisture can be trapped under the shield
- Use only one flow. If the PCB requires multiple flows, apply the module on the final flow.

Figure 9-1 illustrates the reflow profile of the BM62/64 module.



#### FIGURE 9-1: REFLOW PROFILE

# **10.0 ORDERING INFORMATION**

Table 10-1provides the ordering information of theBM62/64 module.

Module	Microchip IC	Description	Shield	Part No.
BM62	IS2062GM	Bluetooth 4.2 Stereo Audio module, Class 2 with RF shield	Yes	BM62SPKS1MC2
BM62	IS2062GM	Bluetooth 4.2 Stereo Audio module, Class 2 without RF shield	No	BM62SPKA1MC2
BM64	IS2064GM	Bluetooth 4.2 Stereo Audio module, Class 2 with RF shield	Yes	BM64SPKS1MC2
BM64	IS2064GM	Bluetooth 4.2 Stereo Audio module, Class 2 without RF shield	No	BM64SPKA1MC2
BM64	IS2064GM	Bluetooth 4.2 Stereo Audio module, Class 1 with RF shield	Yes	BM64SPKS1MC1
BM64	IS2064GM	Bluetooth 4.2 Stereo Audio module, Class 1 without RF shield	No	BM64SPKA1MC1

TABLE 10-1: BM62/64 MODULE ORDERING INFORMATION

**Note:** The BM62/64 module can be purchased through a Microchip representative. Go to Microchip web site www.microchip.com for current pricing and a list of distributors for the product.

# APPENDIX A: CERTIFICATION NOTICES

Note:	This device has not been authorized as
	required by the rules of the Federal Com-
	munications Commission. This device is
	not, and may not be offered for sale or
	lease, or sold or leased, until authorization
	is obtained.

The BM62/64 stereo audio module will cover regulatory approval for following countries:

- United States; FCC ID: (In progress)
- Canada, IC ID: (In progress)
- Europe: (In progress)
- Japan: (In progress)
- Korea: (In progress)
- Taiwan; NCC No: (In progress)
- China: CMIIT ID: (In progress)

#### A.1 REGULATORY APPROVAL

This section outlines the regulatory information for the BM62/64 stereo audio module for the following countries:

- United States
- Canada
- Europe
- Japan
- Korea
- Taiwan
- China
- · Other Regulatory Jurisdictions

#### A.2 United States

The BM62/64 stereo audio module has received Federal Communications Commission (FCC) CFR47 Telecommunications, Part 15 Subpart C "Intentional Radiators" modular approval in accordance with Part 15.212 Modular Transmitter approval. Modular approval allows the user to integrate the BM62/64 module into a finished product without obtaining subsequent and separate FCC approvals for intentional radiation, provided no changes or modifications are made to the module circuitry. Changes or modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. The user must comply with all of the instructions provided by the Grantee, which indicate installation and/or operating conditions necessary for compliance.

The finished product is required to comply with all applicable FCC equipment authorizations regulations, requirements and equipment functions not associated with the transmitter module portion. For example, compliance must be demonstrated to regulations for other transmitter components within the host product; The requirements for unintentional radiators (Part 15 Subpart B "Unintentional Radiators"), such as digital devices, computer peripherals, radio receivers, etc.; and to additional authorization requirements for the non-transmitter functions on the transmitter module (i.e., Verification, or Declaration of Conformity) (e.g., transmitter modules may also contain digital logic functions) as appropriate.

#### A.2.1 LABELING AND USER INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS

The BM62/64 stereo audio module has been labeled with its own FCC ID number, and if the FCC ID is not visible when the module is installed inside another device, then the outside of the finished product into which the module is installed must also display a label referring to the enclosed module. This exterior label can use wording as follows:

Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID:

or

Contains FCC ID:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation

A user's manual for the finished product must include the following statement:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no quarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help

Additional information on labeling and user information requirements for Part 15 devices can be found in KDB Publication 784748 available at the FCC Office of Engi-

neering and Technology (OET) Laboratory Division Knowledge Database (KDB) http://apps.fcc.gov/oetcf/kdb/index.cfm

#### A.1.3 RF EXPOSURE

All transmitters regulated by FCC must comply with RF exposure requirements. KDB 447498 General RF Exposure Guidance provides guidance in determining whether proposed or existing transmitting facilities, operations or devices comply with limits for human exposure to Radio Frequency (RF) fields adopted by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

From the FCC Grant: Output power listed is conducted. This grant is valid only when the module is sold to OEM integrators and must be installed by the OEM or OEM integrators. This transmitter is restricted for use with the specific antenna(s) tested in this application for Certification and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitters within a host device, except in accordance with FCC multi-transmitter product procedures.

#### A.1.4 HELPFUL WEB SITES

Federal Communications Commission (FCC): http://www.fcc.gov

FCC Office of Engineering and Technology (OET) Laboratory Division Knowledge Database (KDB): http://apps.fcc.gov/oetcf/kdb/index.cfm

#### A.2 Canada

The BM62/64 stereo audio module has been certified for use in Canada under Industry Canada (IC) Radio Standards Procedure (RSP) RSP-100, Radio Standards Specification (RSS) RSS-Gen and RSS-247. Modular approval permits the installation of a module in a host device without the need to recertify the device.

#### A.2.1 LABELING AND USER INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS

Labeling Requirements for the host device (from Section 3.1, RSS-Gen, Issue 4, November 2014): The host device shall be properly labeled to identify the module within the host device.

The Industry Canada certification label of a module shall be clearly visible at all times when installed in the host device, otherwise the host device must be labeled to display the Industry Canada certification number of the module, preceded by the words "Contains transmitter module", or the word "Contains", or similar wording expressing the same meaning, as follows:

#### Contains transmitter module IC:

User Manual Notice for License-Exempt Radio Apparatus (from Section 8.4 RSS-Gen, Issue 4, November 2014): User manuals for license-exempt radio apparatus shall contain the following or equivalent notice in a conspicuous location in the user manual or alternatively on the device or both:

This device complies with Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Transmitter Antenna (from Section 8.3 RSS-Gen, Issue 4, November 2014): User manuals for transmitters shall display the following notice in a conspicuous location:

Under Industry Canada regulations, this radio transmitter may only operate using an antenna of a type and maximum (or lesser) gain approved for the transmitter by Industry Canada. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain must be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that necessary for successful communication.

Conformément à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada, le présent émetteur radio peut fonctionner avec une antenne d'un type et d'un gain maximal (ou inférieur) approuvé pour l'émetteur par Industrie Canada. Dans le but de réduire les risques de brouillage radioélectrique à l'intention des autres utilisateurs, il faut choisir le type d'antenne et son gain de sorte que la puissance isotrope rayonnée équivalente (p.i.r.e.) ne dépasse pas l'intensité nécessaire à l'établissement d'une communication satisfaisante.

The above notice may be affixed to the device instead of displayed in the user manual.

#### A.2.2 RF EXPOSURE

All transmitters regulated by IC must comply with RF exposure requirements listed in RSS-102 - Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands).

#### A.2.3 HELPFUL WEB SITES

Industry Canada: http://www.ic.gc.ca/

### A.3 Europe

The BM62/64 stereo audio module is an R&TTE Directive assessed radio module that is CE marked and has been manufactured and tested with the intention of being integrated into a final product.

The BM62/64 stereo audio module has been tested to R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC Essential Requirements for Health and Safety (Article (3.1(a)), Electro Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) (Article 3.1(b)), and Radio (Article 3.2) and are summarized in TABLE A-1:"EUROPEAN COMPLIANCE TESTING". A notified body opinion has also been issued.

The R&TTE Compliance Association provides guidance on modular devices in document *Technical Guidance Note 01* available at http://www.rtteca.com/html/download\_area.htm

Note: To maintain conformance to the testing listed in TABLE A-1:"EUROPEAN COM-PLIANCE TESTING", the module shall be installed in accordance with the installation instructions in this data sheet and shall not be modified. When integrating a radio module into a completed product the integrator becomes the manufacturer of the final product and is therefore responsible for demonstrating compliance of the final product with the essential requirements of the R&TTE Directive.

#### A.3.1 LABELING AND USER INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS

The label on the final product which contains the BM62/64 stereo audio module must follow CE marking requirements. The R&TTE Compliance Association *Technical Guidance Note 01* provides guidance on final product CE marking.

#### A.3.2 ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

From R&TTE Compliance Association document *Technical Guidance Note 01*:

Provided the integrator installing an assessed radio module with an integral or specific antenna and installed in conformance with the radio module manufacturer's installation instructions requires no further evaluation under Article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive and does not require further involvement of an R&TTE Directive Notified Body for the final product. [Section 2.2.4]

The European Compliance Testing listed in **TABLE A-1:**"EUROPEAN COMPLIANCE TESTING" was performed using the PCB Trace antenna.

Certification	Standards	Article	Laboratory	Report Number	Date
Safety	EN60950-1:2006/A11:2009+A1:2 010+A12:2011+A2:2013	[3.1(a)]		_	—
Health	ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 EN62479:2010		_	—	—
EMC	EN300 489-1 V1.9.2	[3.1(b)]		_	—
	EN301 489-17 V2.2.1				
Radio	ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1	(3.2)		_	_
Notified Body	_	—	—		—

#### TABLE A-1: EUROPEAN COMPLIANCE TESTING

#### A.3.3 HELPFUL WEBSITES

A document that can be used as a starting point in understanding the use of Short Range Devices (SRD) in Europe is the European Radio Communications Committee (ERC) Recommendation 70-03 E, which can be downloaded from the European Radio Communications Office (ERO) at: http://www.ero.dk/

Additional helpful web sites are:

- Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (R&TTE): http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/rtte/index en.htm
- · European Conference of Postal and Telecommu-

nications Administrations (CEPT): http://www.cept.org

 European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI):
 http://www.stai.esa

http://www.etsi.org

- European Radio Communications Office (ERO): http://www.ero.dk
- The Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment Compliance Association (R&TTE CA): http://www.rtteca.com/

### A.4 Japan

The BM62/64 stereo audio module has received type certification and is labeled with its own technical conformity mark and certification number as required to conform to the technical standards regulated by the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications (MIC) of Japan pursuant to the Radio Act of Japan.

Integration of this module into a final product does not require additional radio certification provided installation instructions are followed and no modifications of the module are allowed. Additional testing may be required:

- If the host product is subject to electrical appliance safety (for example, powered from an AC mains), the host product may require Product Safety Electrical Appliance and Material (PSE) testing. The integrator must contact their conformance laboratory to determine if this testing is required.
- There is an voluntary Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) test for the host product administered by VCCI: http://www.vcci.jp/vcci\_e/index.html

#### A.4.1 LABELING AND USER INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS

The label on the final product which contains the BM62/64 stereo audio module must follow Japan marking requirements. The integrator of the module must refer to the labeling requirements for Japan available at the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications (MIC) website.

The BM62/64 stereo audio module is labeled with its own technical conformity mark and certification number. The final product in which this module is being used must have a label referring to the type certified module inside:



#### A.4.2 HELPFUL WEB SITES

Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications (MIC): http://www.tele.soumu.go.jp/e/index.htm

Association of Radio Industries and Businesses (ARIB): http://www.arib.or.jp/english/

#### A.5 Korea

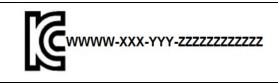
The BM62/64 stereo audio module has received certification of conformity in accordance with the Radio Waves Act. Integration of this module into a final product does not require additional radio certification provided installation instructions are followed and no modifications of the module are allowed.

#### A.5.1 LABELING AND USER INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS

The label on the final product which contains the BM62/64 stereo audio module must follow KC marking requirements. The integrator of the module must refer to the labeling requirements for Korea available on the Korea Communications Commission (KCC) website.

The BM62/64 stereo audio module is labeled with its own KC mark.

The final product requires the KC mark and certificate number of the module:



#### A.5.2 HELPFUL WEB SITES

Korea Communications Commission (KCC): http://www.kcc.go.kr

National Radio Research Agency (RRA): http://rra.go.kr

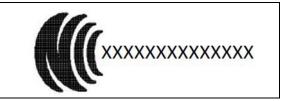
### A.6 Taiwan

The BM62/64 stereo audio module has received compliance approval in accordance with the Telecommunications Act. Customers seeking to use the compliance approval in their product must contact Microchip Technology sales or distribution partners to obtain a Letter of Authority.

Integration of this module into a final product does not require additional radio certification provided installation instructions are followed and no modifications of the module are allowed.

#### A.6.1 LABELING AND USER INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS

The BM62/64 stereo audio module is labeled with its own NCC mark and certificate number as follows:



The user's manual must contain below warning (for RF device) in traditional Chinese:

注意!

依據 低功率電波輻射性電機管理辦法

第十二條 經型式認證合格之低功率射頻電機,非經許 可, 公司、商號或使用者均不得擅自變更頻率、加大功率或 變更原設計 之特性及功能。 第十四條 低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航安全及 干擾合法通信; 經發現有干擾現象時,應立即停用,並改善至無干擾時 方得繼續使用。 前項合法通信,指依電信規定作業之無線電信。 低功率射頻電機須忍受合法通信或工業、科學及醫療用 電波輻射性 電機設備之干擾。

A.6.2 HELPFUL WEB SITES

National Communications Commission (NCC): http://www.ncc.gov.tw

### A.7 China

The BM62/64 stereo audio module has received certification of conformity in accordance with the China MIIT Notice 2014-01 of State Radio Regulation Committee (SRRC) certification scheme. Integration of this module into a final product does not require additional radio certification, provided installation instructions are followed and no modifications of the module are allowed.

#### A.7.1 LABELING AND USER INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS

The BM62/64 stereo audio module is labeled with its own CMIIT ID as follows:

# CMIIT ID: XXXXXXXXXX

When Host system is using an approved Full Modular Approval (FMA) radio: The host must bear a label containing the statement "This device contains SRRC approved Radio module CMIIT ID XXXXXXXXX".

### A.8 Other Regulatory Jurisdictions

Should other regulatory jurisdiction certification be required by the customer, or the customer need to recertify the module for other reasons, contact Microchip for the required utilities and documentation.

# APPENDIX B: REVISION HISTORY

# Revision A (May 2016)

This is the initial released version of this document.

# THE MICROCHIP WEB SITE

Microchip provides online support via our WWW site at www.microchip.com. This web site is used as a means to make files and information easily available to customers. Accessible by using your favorite Internet browser, the web site contains the following information:

- Product Support Data sheets and errata, application notes and sample programs, design resources, user's guides and hardware support documents, latest software releases and archived software
- General Technical Support Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ), technical support requests, online discussion groups, Microchip consultant program member listing
- Business of Microchip Product selector and ordering guides, latest Microchip press releases, listing of seminars and events, listings of Microchip sales offices, distributors and factory representatives

# CUSTOMER CHANGE NOTIFICATION SERVICE

Microchip's customer notification service helps keep customers current on Microchip products. Subscribers will receive e-mail notification whenever there are changes, updates, revisions or errata related to a specified product family or development tool of interest.

To register, access the Microchip web site at www.microchip.com. Under "Support", click on "Customer Change Notification" and follow the registration instructions.

### **CUSTOMER SUPPORT**

Users of Microchip products can receive assistance through several channels:

- Distributor or Representative
- Local Sales Office
- Field Application Engineer (FAE)
- Technical Support

Customers must contact their distributor, representative or Field Application Engineer (FAE) for support. Local sales offices are also available to help customers. A listing of sales offices and locations is included in the back of this document.

Technical support is available through the web site at: http://microchip.com/support

#### Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

- Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the intended manner and under normal conditions.
- There are dishonest and possibly illegal methods used to breach the code protection feature. All of these methods, to our knowledge, require using the Microchip products in a manner outside the operating specifications contained in Microchip's Data Sheets. Most likely, the person doing so is engaged in theft of intellectual property.
- Microchip is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code.
- Neither Microchip nor any other semiconductor manufacturer can guarantee the security of their code. Code protection does not mean that we are guaranteeing the product as "unbreakable."

Code protection is constantly evolving. We at Microchip are committed to continuously improving the code protection features of our products. Attempts to break Microchip's code protection feature may be a violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act. If such acts allow unauthorized access to your software or other copyrighted work, you may have a right to sue for relief under that Act.

Information contained in this publication regarding device applications and the like is provided only for your convenience and may be superseded by updates. It is your responsibility to ensure that your application meets with your specifications. MICROCHIP MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WRITTEN OR ORAL, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, RELATED TO THE INFORMATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ITS CONDITION, QUALITY, PERFORMANCE, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PURPOSE. Microchip disclaims all liability arising from this information and its use. Use of Microchip devices in life support and/or safety applications is entirely at the buyer's risk, and the buyer agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless Microchip from any and all damages, claims, suits, or expenses resulting from such use. No licenses are conveyed, implicitly or otherwise, under any Microchip intellectual property rights unless otherwise stated.

Microchip received ISO/TS-16949:2009 certification for its worldwide headquarters, design and wafer fabrication facilities in Chandler and Tempe, Arizona; Gresham, Oregon and design centers in California and India. The Company's quality system processes and procedures are for its PIC® MCUs and dsPIC® DSCs, KEELoQ® code hopping devices, Serial EEPROMs, microperipherals, nonvolatile memory and analog products. In addition, Microchip's quality system for the design and manufacture of development systems is ISO 9001:2000 certified.

# QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM CERTIFIED BY DNV = ISO/TS 16949=

#### Trademarks

The Microchip name and logo, the Microchip logo, AnyRate, dsPIC, FlashFlex, flexPWR, Heldo, JukeBlox, KeeLoq, KeeLoq logo, Kleer, LANCheck, LINK MD, MediaLB, MOST, MOST logo, MPLAB, OptoLyzer, PIC, PICSTART, PIC32 logo, RightTouch, SpyNIC, SST, SST Logo, SuperFlash and UNI/O are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

ClockWorks, The Embedded Control Solutions Company, ETHERSYNCH, Hyper Speed Control, HyperLight Load, IntelliMOS, mTouch, Precision Edge, and QUIET-WIRE are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

Analog-for-the-Digital Age, Any Capacitor, AnyIn, AnyOut, BodyCom, chipKIT, chipKIT logo, CodeGuard, dsPICDEM, dsPICDEM.net, Dynamic Average Matching, DAM, ECAN, EtherGREEN, In-Circuit Serial Programming, ICSP, Inter-Chip Connectivity, JitterBlocker, KleerNet, KleerNet logo, MiWi, motorBench, MPASM, MPF, MPLAB Certified logo, MPLIB, MPLINK, MultiTRAK, NetDetach, Omniscient Code Generation, PICDEM, PICDEM.net, PICkit, PICtail, PureSilicon, RightTouch logo, REAL ICE, Ripple Blocker, Serial Quad I/O, SQI, SuperSwitcher, SuperSwitcher II, Total Endurance, TSHARC, USBCheck, VariSense, ViewSpan, WiperLock, Wireless DNA, and ZENA are trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{SQTP}}$  is a service mark of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

Silicon Storage Technology is a registered trademark of Microchip Technology Inc. in other countries.

GestIC is a registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Germany II GmbH & Co. KG, a subsidiary of Microchip Technology Inc., in other countries.

All other trademarks mentioned herein are property of their respective companies.

© 2016, Microchip Technology Incorporated, Printed in the U.S.A., All Rights Reserved.

ISBN: 978-1-5224-0576-4



# **Worldwide Sales and Service**

#### AMERICAS

Corporate Office 2355 West Chandler Blvd. Chandler, AZ 85224-6199 Tel: 480-792-7200 Fax: 480-792-7277 Technical Support: http://www.microchip.com/ support

Web Address: www.microchip.com

Atlanta Duluth, GA Tel: 678-957-9614 Fax: 678-957-1455

Austin, TX Tel: 512-257-3370

Boston Westborough, MA Tel: 774-760-0087 Fax: 774-760-0088

**Chicago** Itasca, IL Tel: 630-285-0071 Fax: 630-285-0075

**Cleveland** Independence, OH Tel: 216-447-0464 Fax: 216-447-0643

**Dallas** Addison, TX Tel: 972-818-7423 Fax: 972-818-2924

**Detroit** Novi, MI Tel: 248-848-4000

Houston, TX Tel: 281-894-5983

Indianapolis Noblesville, IN Tel: 317-773-8323 Fax: 317-773-5453

Los Angeles Mission Viejo, CA Tel: 949-462-9523 Fax: 949-462-9608

New York, NY Tel: 631-435-6000

San Jose, CA Tel: 408-735-9110

**Canada - Toronto** Tel: 905-673-0699 Fax: 905-673-6509

#### ASIA/PACIFIC

Asia Pacific Office Suites 3707-14, 37th Floor Tower 6, The Gateway

Harbour City, Kowloon Hong Kong Tel: 852-2943-5100 Fax: 852-2401-3431

Australia - Sydney Tel: 61-2-9868-6733 Fax: 61-2-9868-6755

China - Beijing Tel: 86-10-8569-7000 Fax: 86-10-8528-2104

**China - Chengdu** Tel: 86-28-8665-5511 Fax: 86-28-8665-7889

China - Chongqing Tel: 86-23-8980-9588 Fax: 86-23-8980-9500

China - Dongguan Tel: 86-769-8702-9880

**China - Hangzhou** Tel: 86-571-8792-8115 Fax: 86-571-8792-8116

**China - Hong Kong SAR** Tel: 852-2943-5100 Fax: 852-2401-3431

**China - Nanjing** Tel: 86-25-8473-2460 Fax: 86-25-8473-2470

**China - Qingdao** Tel: 86-532-8502-7355 Fax: 86-532-8502-7205

**China - Shanghai** Tel: 86-21-5407-5533 Fax: 86-21-5407-5066

China - Shenyang Tel: 86-24-2334-2829 Fax: 86-24-2334-2393

**China - Shenzhen** Tel: 86-755-8864-2200 Fax: 86-755-8203-1760

**China - Wuhan** Tel: 86-27-5980-5300 Fax: 86-27-5980-5118

**China - Xian** Tel: 86-29-8833-7252 Fax: 86-29-8833-7256

#### ASIA/PACIFIC

**China - Xiamen** Tel: 86-592-2388138 Fax: 86-592-2388130

**China - Zhuhai** Tel: 86-756-3210040 Fax: 86-756-3210049

India - Bangalore Tel: 91-80-3090-4444 Fax: 91-80-3090-4123

India - New Delhi Tel: 91-11-4160-8631 Fax: 91-11-4160-8632

India - Pune Tel: 91-20-3019-1500

**Japan - Osaka** Tel: 81-6-6152-7160 Fax: 81-6-6152-9310

**Japan - Tokyo** Tel: 81-3-6880- 3770 Fax: 81-3-6880-3771

**Korea - Daegu** Tel: 82-53-744-4301 Fax: 82-53-744-4302

Korea - Seoul Tel: 82-2-554-7200 Fax: 82-2-558-5932 or 82-2-558-5934

Malaysia - Kuala Lumpur Tel: 60-3-6201-9857 Fax: 60-3-6201-9859

Malaysia - Penang Tel: 60-4-227-8870 Fax: 60-4-227-4068

Philippines - Manila Tel: 63-2-634-9065 Fax: 63-2-634-9069

**Singapore** Tel: 65-6334-8870 Fax: 65-6334-8850

**Taiwan - Hsin Chu** Tel: 886-3-5778-366 Fax: 886-3-5770-955

**Taiwan - Kaohsiung** Tel: 886-7-213-7828

Taiwan - Taipei Tel: 886-2-2508-8600 Fax: 886-2-2508-0102

**Thailand - Bangkok** Tel: 66-2-694-1351 Fax: 66-2-694-1350

#### EUROPE

Austria - Wels Tel: 43-7242-2244-39 Fax: 43-7242-2244-393

**Denmark - Copenhagen** Tel: 45-4450-2828 Fax: 45-4485-2829

France - Paris Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20 Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79

Germany - Dusseldorf Tel: 49-2129-3766400

Germany - Karlsruhe Tel: 49-721-625370

**Germany - Munich** Tel: 49-89-627-144-0 Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

**Italy - Milan** Tel: 39-0331-742611 Fax: 39-0331-466781

Italy - Venice Tel: 39-049-7625286

Netherlands - Drunen Tel: 31-416-690399 Fax: 31-416-690340

**Poland - Warsaw** Tel: 48-22-3325737

**Spain - Madrid** Tel: 34-91-708-08-90 Fax: 34-91-708-08-91

**Sweden - Stockholm** Tel: 46-8-5090-4654

**UK - Wokingham** Tel: 44-118-921-5800 Fax: 44-118-921-5820